



State of Michigan
Department of State Police and
Department of Management and Budget

2002 Model Year Police Vehicle Evaluation



National Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Center
A Program of the National Institute of Justice

STATE OF MICHIGAN
Department of State Police
and
Department of Management and Budget

2002 Model Year
Police Vehicle
Evaluation Program

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PREFACE

The Michigan State Police Vehicle Test Team is pleased to announce the results of the 2002 model year police vehicle evaluation. This year 15 vehicles were tested, including a non-published prototype Chevrolet Tahoe from General Motors. It is of particular interest because it would be a pursuit rated SUV for the future. This was also the last year you will see the Chevrolet pursuit Camaro. Mopar is back in the police car business and the Dodge Intrepid police package made its official debut at testing. The Dodge Durangos were tested in the Special Service category and are not rated for high-speed applications. Ford had the 2002 and 2003 Police Interceptors and the Long Wheelbase Crown Victoria at the test. Saturday temperatures were cool and Fall like at DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds, and Monday morning, we had a 3 hour rain delay at our vehicle dynamics test site at Grattan Raceway. Even with the rain delay, we were able to complete the test using our new testing equipment. We appreciate your continued support and encouragement.

The vehicles evaluated this year included:

POLICE CATEGORY

Ford Police Interceptor	4.6L SPFI
Chevrolet Impala	3.8L SPFI
AM General Hummer	6.5L (Turbo Diesel)
Chevrolet Camaro	5.7L SPFI (Automatic)
2003 Ford Police Interceptor	4.6L SPFI
Dodge Intrepid	3.5L SPFI

SPECIAL SERVICE CATEGORY

Ford Long Wheel base Crown Victoria*	4.6L SPFI
Ford Explorer*	4.6L SFI (4 Wheel Drive)
Ford Expedition*	5.4L SMFI (4 Wheel Drive)
Ford Excursion*	6.8L MPFI (4 Wheel Drive)
Chevrolet Tahoe*	5.3L SPFI (2 Wheel Drive)
Chevrolet Tahoe*	5.3L SPFI (4 Wheel Drive)
Dodge Durango*	4.7L SMPI (2 Wheel Drive)
Dodge Durango*	4.7L SMPI (4 Wheel Drive)

**Special Service Package vehicles are not suitable for high speed, pursuit or emergency driving according to the manufacturers.*

All of the vehicles were tested with a clean roof (no overhead light or lightbar) and without "A" pillar mount spotlights. We believe this is the best way to ensure all of the cars are tested on an equal basis. Remember that once overhead lights, spotlights, radio antennas, sirens, and other emergency equipment are installed, overall performance may be somewhat lower than we report.

Each vehicle was tested with the tires that are available as original equipment on the production model. Specific tire information for each vehicle is available in the Vehicle Description portion of this report.

DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds - Acceleration, Top Speed, & Braking Tests

During the braking test, the Hummer brake heat up procedure speeds was at 75 m.p.h. instead of 90 m.p.h. (The Hummer is unable to attain the 90 m.p.h. heat up procedure speed.)

Vehicles equipped with electronic speed limiters are noted in the Acceleration and Top Speed portion of this report.

In calculating brake test results, the slowest deceleration rate was removed from each phase. The average deceleration rates were calculated from the remaining 5 stops in each phase. The final scores are based on the best 10 stops.

Grattan Raceway - Vehicle Dynamics (High Speed Handling) Test

We had a substantial rain delay in the morning. We were able to complete the tests during the afternoon hours after the track dried.

The primary Camaro test car transmission failed. Our staff, with Chevrolet personnel, had a back-up Camaro safety inspected, equipped and prepared for testing. The test was completed using this alternate vehicle.

The 2003 Ford Police Interceptor ABS failed during the 3rd test driver run. Ford, and our staff, were unable to diagnose what happened to the ABS. The system was reset for the 3rd driver and the test rerun without a problem. During the 4th run the ABS failed again. The test driver was instructed to continue the run with the ABS inactive.

*The Chevrolet Tahoes, Ford Explorer, Expedition, Excursion, Long Wheel base Crown Victoria and Dodge Durangos are "special-service" vehicles and are not driven through the vehicle dynamics (high-speed handling) test. These vehicles are not recommended for high-speed emergency driving or pursuit applications.

We recommend you review the information contained in this report and then apply it to the needs of your agency. This report is not an endorsement of products, but a means of learning what's available for your officers so they can do their job effectively and safely. If anything in this report requires further explanation or clarification, please call or write.

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Retired Sgt. Dave Storer, retired F/Lt. Curt VanDenBerg

Special thanks to General Motors, Ford and DaimlerChrysler vehicle manufacturers for their hard work in building and preparing the test cars. We are grateful for your dedication to law enforcement. Everyday law enforcement looks to these vehicles to do a list of duties varied and enduring.

Finally, thanks to all in the United States and Canada who represent law enforcement and purchasing agencies for your constant encouragement and support. Thanks to our Australian guests for their attendance. We are proud to make a contribution to the law enforcement community.

Michigan State Police Vehicle Test Team

Software helps select vehicles

Staff of the Office of Law Enforcement Standards (OLES), located at the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), has created a computer program for the National Institute of Justice to help police fleet administrators select the patrol vehicle that is best suited to the needs of their department. The system, called AutoBid, is based on vehicle performance test data for police patrol vehicles published annually by the Michigan State Police.

AutoBid helps fleet managers select the best patrol vehicle based on vehicle test scores. It identifies which vehicle has the highest overall test performance and ranks the vehicles according to their relative performance. The overall performance score of a vehicle is based on each test score weighted by the importance weight for each test category assigned by the user. The overall performance score is particularly helpful when an evaluation is needed before a request for bids has been prepared. The performance analysis can be used to determine which models warrant a request for bids. For the 2002 model year, AutoBid will include an additional method of vehicle selection using a combined score based on both vehicle cost and test scores. This method identifies which vehicle is the “Best Buy” in terms of the lowest cost for equivalent test performance and ranks the vehicles by the bid price adjusted for performance.

AutoBid is available as an application, which does not require you to be connected to the Internet while running and will run on any operating system. To use the AutoBid Application you must first download and install the Java Runtime Environment onto your computer. Then you need to download and install the “AutoBid Application. Both of these components can be downloaded from the National Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Center’s (NLECTC’s) Internet site, JUSTNET, at <http://www.nlectc.org>.

About the National Institute of Justice

NIJ is the research and development agency of the U.S. Department of Justice and is the only Federal agency solely dedicated to researching crime control and justice issues. NIJ provides objective, independent, nonpartisan, evidence-based knowledge and tools to meet the challenges of crime and justice, particularly at the State and local levels. NIJ's principal authorities are derived from the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 3721–3722).

NIJ's Mission

In partnership with others, NIJ's mission is to prevent and reduce crime, improve law enforcement and the administration of justice, and promote public safety. By applying the disciplines of the social and physical sciences, NIJ—

- **Researches** the nature and impact of crime and delinquency.
- **Develops** applied technologies, standards, and tools for criminal justice practitioners.
- **Evaluates** existing programs and responses to crime.
- **Tests** innovative concepts and program models in the field.
- **Assists** policymakers, program partners, and justice agencies.
- **Disseminates** knowledge to many audiences.

NIJ's Strategic Direction and Program Areas

NIJ is committed to five challenges as part of its strategic plan: 1) **rethinking justice** and the processes that create just communities; 2) **understanding the nexus** between social conditions and crime; 3) **breaking the cycle** of crime by testing research-based interventions; 4) **creating the tools** and technologies that meet the needs of practitioners; and 5) **expanding horizons** through interdisciplinary and international perspectives. In addressing these strategic challenges, the Institute is involved in the following program areas: crime control and prevention, drugs and crime, justice systems and offender behavior, violence and victimization, communications and information technologies, critical incident response, investigative and forensic sciences (including DNA), less-than-lethal technologies, officer protection, education and training technologies, testing and standards, technology assistance to law enforcement and corrections agencies, field testing of promising programs, and international crime control. NIJ communicates its findings through conferences and print and electronic media.

NIJ's Structure

The NIJ Director is appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. The NIJ Director establishes the Institute's objectives, guided by the priorities of the Office of Justice Programs, the U.S. Department of Justice, and the needs of the field. NIJ actively solicits the views of criminal justice and other professionals and researchers to inform its search for the knowledge and tools to guide policy and practice.

NIJ has three operating units. The Office of Research and Evaluation manages social science research and evaluation and crime mapping research. The Office of Science and Technology manages technology research and development, standards development, and technology assistance to State and local law enforcement and corrections agencies. The Office of Development and Communications manages field tests of model programs, international research, and knowledge dissemination programs. NIJ is a component of the Office of Justice Programs, which also includes the Bureau of Justice Assistance, the Bureau of Justice Statistics, the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, and the Office for Victims of Crime.

To find out more about the National Institute of Justice, please contact:

National Criminal Justice Reference Service

P.O. Box 6000

Rockville, MD 20849–6000

800–851–3420

e-mail: *askncjrs@ncjrs.org*

NIJ Web site (*<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/nij>*).

About the Law Enforcement and Corrections Standards and Testing Program

The Law Enforcement and Corrections Standards and Testing Program is sponsored by the Office of Science and Technology of the National Institute of Justice (NIJ), U.S. Department of Justice. The program responds to the mandate of the Justice System Improvement Act of 1979, which directed NIJ to encourage research and development to improve the criminal justice system and to disseminate the results to Federal, State, and local agencies.

The Law Enforcement and Corrections Standards and Testing Program is an applied research effort that determines the technological needs of justice system agencies, sets minimum performance standards for specific devices, tests commercially available equipment against those standards, and disseminates the standards and the test results to criminal justice agencies nationwide and internationally.

The program operates through the following:

- The **Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Advisory Council (LECTAC)**, consisting of nationally recognized criminal justice practitioners from Federal, State, and local agencies, assesses technological needs and sets priorities for research programs and items to be evaluated and tested.
- The **Office of Law Enforcement Standards (OLES)** at the National Institute of Standards and Technology develops voluntary national performance standards for compliance testing to ensure that individual items of equipment are suitable for use by criminal justice agencies. The equipment standards developed by OLES are based on laboratory evaluation of commercially available products to devise precise test methods that can be universally applied by any qualified testing laboratory and to establish minimum performance requirements for each attribute of a piece of equipment that is essential to how it functions. OLES-developed standards can serve as design criteria for manufacturers or as the basis for equipment evaluation. The application of the standards, which are highly technical in nature, is augmented through the publication of equipment performance reports and user guides. Individual jurisdictions may use the standards in their own laboratories to test equipment, have equipment tested on their behalf using the standards, or cite the standards in procurement specifications.
- The **National Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Center (NLECTC)**, operated by a grantee, supervises a national compliance-testing program conducted by independent laboratories. The standards developed by OLES serve as performance benchmarks against which commercial equipment is measured. The facilities, personnel, and testing capabilities of the independent laboratories are evaluated by OLES prior to testing each item of equipment. In addition, OLES helps NLECTC staff review and analyze data. Test results are published in consumer product reports designed to help justice system procurement officials make informed purchasing decisions.

Publications are available at no charge through NLECTC. Some documents are also available online through the Justice Technology Information Network (JUSTNET), the center's Internet/World Wide Web site. To request a document or additional information, call 800-248-2742 or 301-519-5060 or write:

National Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Center

P.O. Box 1160

Rockville, MD 20849-1160

E-mail: asknlectc@nlectc.org

World Wide Web address: <http://www.nlectc.org>

About the National Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Center System

The National Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Center (NLECTC) system exists to support the Nation's structure of State and local law enforcement and corrections. The United States has more than 18,000 law enforcement agencies, 50 State correctional systems, and thousands of prisons and jails. The fragmented nature of law enforcement and corrections impedes the dissemination of valuable new information, fosters a patchwork marketplace that discourages the commercialization of new technologies, and underscores the need for uniform performance standards for equipment and technologies.

The National Institute of Justice's (NIJ's) Office of Science and Technology (OS&T) created NLECTC in 1994 as a national system of technology centers that are clearinghouses of information and sources of technology assistance and that also attend to special needs, including technology commercialization and standards development.

The NLECTC system's purpose is to determine the needs of the law enforcement and corrections communities and assist them in understanding, using, and benefiting from new and existing technologies that, increasingly, are vital levers of progress in criminal justice. It is especially important to note that NIJ/OS&T and the NLECTC system are the only current programs developed by the Federal Government that focus solely on the development and transfer of technologies to State and local law enforcement and corrections.

NLECTC is a program of NIJ, the research and development arm of the U.S. Department of Justice. The system currently consists of a national center, five regional centers, and several specialty offices. Also contributing to the initiatives of the center system is the Office of Law Enforcement Standards. The centers are collocated with a host organization or agency that specializes in one or more areas of technology research and development.

The National Center, located in Rockville, Maryland, is the system's information hub. Regional centers are currently located in Alaska, California, Colorado, New York, and South Carolina. Specialty centers located around the country deal with border matters (California), commercialization of law enforcement and corrections technologies (West Virginia), rural law enforcement issues (Kentucky), and standards and testing (Maryland).

Each center shares roles with the other centers and has distinctive characteristics. All are focused on helping law enforcement and corrections take full advantage of technology's rapidly growing capacity to serve the purposes of crime control and the criminal justice system.

A national body of criminal justice professionals, the Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Advisory Council (LECTAC) helps identify research and development priorities, thereby influencing the work of the NLECTC system. In addition, each NLECTC center has a regional advisory council of law enforcement and corrections officials. Together, LECTAC and the advisory councils help to keep the NLECTC system attentive to technological priorities and the needs of law enforcement and corrections. They help to link the end user with the developer to create technologies that adequately meet operational requirements and establish which potential technologies should be pursued for development.

All of the current regional centers have distinctive roles or focus areas that, in many cases, are aligned with the expertise of host organizations and agencies. The centers are currently operated under cooperative agreements or interagency agreements with host organizations and agencies whose employees staff the centers.

To receive more information or to add your name to the NLECTC mailing list, call 800–248–2742 or 301–519–5060, or write:

National Law Enforcement and Corrections Technology Center

P.O. Box 1160

Rockville, MD 20849–1160

E-mail: asknlectc@nlectc.org

To obtain an electronic version of this document, access the NIJ Web site

World Wide Web address: <http://www.nlectc.org>

The following is a list of NLECTC regional and affiliated facilities that assist NIJ in fulfilling its mission.

NLECTC–Northeast

26 Electronic Parkway

Rome, NY 13441–4514

(p) 888–338–0584

(f) 315–330–4315

E-mail: nlectc_ne@rl.af.mil

NLECTC–Southeast

5300 International Boulevard

North Charleston, SC 29418

(p) 800–292–4385

(f) 843–760–4611

E-mail: nlectc-se@nlectc-se.org

NLECTC–Rocky Mountain

2050 East Iliff Avenue

Denver, CO 80208

(p) 800–416–8086

(f) 303–871–2500

E-mail: nlectc@du.edu

NLECTC–West

c/o The Aerospace Corporation

2350 East El Segundo Boulevard

El Segundo, CA 90245–4691

(p) 888–548–1618

(f) 310–336–2227

E-mail: nlectc@law-west.org

NLECTC–Northwest

4000 Old Seward Highway

Suite 301

Anchorage, AK 99503–6068

(p) 866–569–2969

(f) 907–569–6939

E-mail: nlectc_nw@ctsc.net

Border Research and Technology Center

1010 Second Avenue

Suite 1920

San Diego, CA 92101–4912

(p) 888–656–2782

(f) 888–660–2782

E-mail: info@brtc.nlectc.org

**Rural Law Enforcement Technology Center
(RULETC)**

1908 North Main Street

Suite 115

Hazard, KY 41701

Phone: 606–436–8848

Fax: 606–436–6758

E-mail: ruletc@aol.com

Office of Law Enforcement Standards

100 Bureau Drive

Stop 8102

Gaithersburg, MD 20899–8102

(p) 301–975–2757

(f) 301–948–0978

E-mail: oles@nist.gov

**Office of Law Enforcement Technology
Commercialization**

Wheeling Jesuit University

316 Washington Avenue

Wheeling, WV 26003

(p) 888–306–5382

(f) 304–243–2131

E-mail: oletc@nttc.edu

About the Office of Law Enforcement Standards

The Office of Law Enforcement Standards (OLES) was established as a matrix management organization in 1971 through a Memorandum of Understanding between the U.S. Departments of Justice and Commerce, based on the recommendations of the President's Commission on Crime. OLES's mission is to apply science and technology to the needs of the criminal justice community, including law enforcement, corrections, forensic science, and the fire service. Although its major objective is to develop minimum performance standards, which are promulgated as voluntary national standards, OLES also undertakes studies leading to the publication of technical reports and user guides.

The areas of research investigated by OLES include clothing, communication systems, emergency equipment, investigative aids, protective equipment, security systems, vehicles, weapons, and analytical techniques and standard reference materials used by the forensic science community. The composition of OLES's projects varies depending on priorities of the criminal justice community at any given time and, as necessary, draws on the resources of the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

OLES assists law enforcement and criminal justice agencies in acquiring, on a cost-effective basis, the high-quality resources they need to do their jobs. To accomplish this, OLES:

- Develops methods for testing equipment performance and examining evidentiary materials.
- Develops standards for equipment and operating procedures.
- Develops standard reference materials.
- Performs other scientific and engineering research as required.

Since the program began in 1971, OLES has coordinated the development of nearly 200 standards, user guides, and advisory reports. Topics range from performance parameters of police patrol vehicles, to performance reports on various speed-measuring devices, to soft body armor testing, to analytical procedures for developing DNA profiles.

The application of technology to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of the criminal justice community continues to increase. The proper adoption of the products resulting from emerging technologies and the assessment of equipment performance, systems, methodologies, etc., used by criminal justice practitioners constitute critical issues having safety and legal ramifications. The consequences of inadequate equipment performance or inadequate test methods can range from inconvenient to catastrophic. In addition, these deficiencies can adversely affect the general population when they increase public safety costs, preclude arrest, or result in evidence found to be inadmissible in court.

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TEST EQUIPMENT

The following test equipment is utilized during the acceleration, top speed, braking, and vehicle dynamics portions of the evaluation program.

DATRON TECHNOLOGY, INC., 21654 Melrose Ave., Building 16, Southfield, Michigan 48075

DLS Smart Sensor – Optical non-contact speed and distance sensor

BELL HELMETS, Box 927, Rantol, Illinois 61866

Nascar Helmet – Model MC – 400

AMB i.t. US Inc., 1631 Phoenix Blvd., Suite 11, College Park, GA 30349

AMB TranX extended loop decoder

Mains adapter 230 V AC/12 V DC

AMB TranX260 transponders

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTIONS AND PHOTOGRAPHS

FORD POLICE INTERCEPTOR 4.6L SPFI



TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Ford 2002		MODEL Police Interceptor		SALES CODE NO. P71			
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT		CUBIC INCHES 281		LITERS 4.6			
FUEL SYSTEM		Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST Dual			
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)		235 @ 4750 RPM		ALTERNATOR 135 amp.			
TORQUE		275 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY 750 cca.			
COMPRESSION RATIO		9.4:1					
TRANSMISSION		MODEL 4R70W		TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic			
		LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes					
		OVERDRIVE? Yes					
AXLE RATIO		3.27:1					
STEERING		Recirculating ball & nut w/int. pwr. (constant ratio)					
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)		40.9 Feet					
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING		P225/60R 16 97V Goodyear Eagle RS-A					
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)		Independent SLA with ball joint & coil spring					
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)		4 bar link with Watts Linkage					
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM		6.0 in.		LOCATION Transmission			
BRAKE SYSTEM		Power, dual front piston, single rear piston, 4 circuit anti-lock					
BRAKES, FRONT		TYPE Vented disc		SWEPT AREA 314.1 sq. in.			
BRAKES, REAR		TYPE Solid disc		SWEPT AREA 174.8 sq. in.			
FUEL CAPACITY		GALLONS 19.0		LITERS 71.9			
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS		WHEELBASE 114.7 in.		LENGTH 212.0 in.			
		TEST WEIGHT 4043 lbs.		HEIGHT 58.5 in.			
HEADROOM		FRONT 39.4 in.		REAR 38.0 in.			
LEGROOM		FRONT 42.5 in.		REAR 39.6 in.			
SHOULDER ROOM		FRONT 60.8 in.		REAR 60.3 in.			
HIPROOM		FRONT 57.1 in.		REAR 59.0 in.			
INTERIOR VOLUME		FRONT 58.2 cu. ft.		REAR 51.1 cu. ft.			
		COMB 109.3 cu. ft.		TRUNK 20.6 cu. ft.			
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)		CITY 15		HIGHWAY 22		COMBINED 18	

CHEVROLET IMPALA (9C1) 3.8L SPFI



TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Chevrolet 9C1	MODEL Impala		SALES CODE NO. 1WF19			
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 231		LITERS 3.8			
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST Single			
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	200 @ 5200 RPM		ALTERNATOR 125 amp.			
TORQUE	200 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY 690 cca.			
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.4:1					
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4T65E		TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic			
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes					
	OVERDRIVE? Yes					
AXLE RATIO	3.29:1					
STEERING	Power Rack and Pinion					
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	38.0 Feet					
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P225/60R16 97H Goodyear RS-A					
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent McPherson strut, coil springs & stabilizer bar					
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Independent Tri-link coil spring over strut & stabilizer bar					
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	6.1 in.		LOCATION Engine cradle			
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, dual hydraulic, anti-lock					
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Vented disc		SWEPT AREA 235.4 sq. in.			
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Solid disc		SWEPT AREA 160.3 sq. in.			
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 17.0		LITERS 64.3			
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 110.5 in.		LENGTH 200.1 in.			
	TEST WEIGHT 3593 lbs.		HEIGHT 57.3 in.			
HEADROOM	FRONT 39.2 in.		REAR 36.8 in.			
LEGROOM	FRONT 42.2 in.		REAR 38.4 in.			
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 59.0 in.		REAR 58.9 in.			
HIPROOM	FRONT 56.5 in.		REAR 55.7 in.			
INTERIOR VOLUME	FRONT 56.5 cu. ft.		REAR 48.2 cu. ft.			
	COMB 104.7 cu. ft.		TRUNK 17.6 cu. ft.*			
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 20		HIGHWAY 29		COMBINED 23	

*Compact spare tire.

DODGE INTREPID 3.5L SPFI



TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Dodge	MODEL Intrepid		SALES CODE NO. 25E	
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 214		LITERS	3.5
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST	Single
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	242 @ 6400 RPM		ALTERNATOR	160 amp.
TORQUE	248 ft. lbs. @ 3950 RPM		BATTERY	600 cca.
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.9:1			
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 42LE		TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic	
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes			
	OVERDRIVE? Yes			
AXLE RATIO	3.66:1			
STEERING	Power Rack & Pinion			
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	37.6 ft.			
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P225/60R16 97V Goodyear Eagle RS-A			
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent Macpherson strut, coil springs & sway bar			
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Independent Macpherson strut, coil springs & sway bar			
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	5.7 in.	LOCATION Sway bar		
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, single piston, anti-lock			
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE	Vented disc	SWEPT AREA	287.2 sq. in.
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE	Solid disc	SWEPT AREA	184.6 sq. in.
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS	17.0	LITERS	64.4
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE	113.0 in.	LENGTH	203.7 in.
	TEST WEIGHT	3583 lbs.	HEIGHT	55.9 in.
HEADROOM	FRONT	38.3 in.	REAR	37.5 in.
LEGROOM	FRONT	42.2 in.	REAR	39.1 in.
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT	59.0 in.	REAR	58.1 in.
HIPROOM	FRONT	56.3 in.	REAR	56.6 in.
INTERIOR VOLUME	FRONT	55.0 cu. ft.	REAR	49.5 cu. ft.
	COMB	104.5 cu. ft.	TRUNK	18.4 cu. ft.
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 18	HIGHWAY 26		COMBINED 21

CHEVROLET CAMARO 5.7L SPFI (AUTOMATIC)



TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Chevrolet	MODEL Camaro		SALES CODE NO. 1FP87	
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 350		LITERS	5.7
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST	Dual
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	310 @ 5200 RPM		ALTERNATOR	105 amp.
TORQUE	335 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY	525 cca.
COMPRESSION RATIO	10.1:1			
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4L60E	TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic		
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes			
	OVERDRIVE? Yes			
AXLE RATIO	3.23:1			
STEERING	Power, rack & pinion			
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	39.0 Feet			
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P245/50ZR16 Goodyear Eagle RS-A			
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent SLA, coil over monotube gas-charged shocks & stabilizer bar			
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Salisbury axle, torque arm, trailing arm, track bar coil springs, gas shocks & stabilizer bar			
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	4.4 in.	LOCATION Catalytic converter shield		
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, anti-lock			
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE	Vented disc	SWEPT AREA	238.6 sq. in.
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE	Vented disc	SWEPT AREA	169.0 sq. in.
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS	15.5	LITERS	58.7
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE	101.1 in.	LENGTH	193.2 in.
	TEST WEIGHT	3462 lbs.	HEIGHT	51.3 in.
HEADROOM	FRONT	37.2 in.	REAR	35.3 in.
LEGROOM	FRONT	43.0 in.	REAR	26.8 in.
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT	57.4 in.	REAR	55.8 in.
HIPROOM	FRONT	52.8 in.	REAR	44.4 in.
INTERIOR VOLUME	FRONT	53.1 cu. ft.	REAR	28.8 cu. ft.
	COMB	81.9 cu. ft.	TRUNK	12.9 cu. ft.
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 17	HIGHWAY 27		COMBINED 20

AM GENERAL HUMMER 6.5L TURBO DIESEL



TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE AM General	MODEL Hummer		SALES CODE NO. HMCS			
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 396		LITERS 6.5			
FUEL SYSTEM	Turbo Diesel		EXHAUST Single Stainless steel			
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	195 @ 3400 RPM		ALTERNATOR 124 amp.			
TORQUE	430 ft. lbs. @ 1800 RPM		BATTERY Dual 800 cca.			
COMPRESSION RATIO	20.2:1					
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4L80E		TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic			
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes					
	OVERDRIVE? Yes					
AXLE RATIO	4:92 Front & rear					
STEERING	Power assisted variable ratio					
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	53.0 Feet					
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	37 X 12.50R17LT M/S Goodyear Wrangler GSA					
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Ind. double A frame, coil springs, axle shocks					
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Ind. double A frame, coil springs, axle shocks					
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	16.0 in.		LOCATION Axle housing			
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power 4 wheel anti-lock disc					
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 229 sq. in.			
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 229 sq. in.			
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 42.0		LITERS 159.0			
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 130.0 in.		LENGTH 184.5 in.*			
	TEST WEIGHT 7455 lbs.		HEIGHT 75.0 in.			
HEADROOM	FRONT 37.5 in.		REAR 36.7 in.			
LEGROOM	FRONT 36.0 in.		REAR 36.0 in.			
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 78.8 in.		REAR 78.8 in.			
HIPROOM	FRONT 50.6 in.		REAR 50.6 in.			
INTERIOR VOLUME	FRONT 61.6 cu. ft.		REAR 61.6 cu. ft.			
	COMB 123.2 cu. ft.		TRUNK 57.85 cu. ft.			
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 9		HIGHWAY 10		COMBINED 9**	

*With winch.

**Class III vehicle – not tested to normal EPA requirements.

FORD 2003 POLICE INTERCEPTOR 4.6L SPFI



TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Ford 2003	MODEL Police Interceptor		SALES CODE NO. P71	
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 281		LITERS	4.6
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST	Dual
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	235 @ 4750 RPM		ALTERNATOR	135 amp.
TORQUE	275 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY	750 cca.
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.4:1			
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4R70W	TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic		
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes			
	OVERDRIVE? Yes			
AXLE RATIO	3.27:1			
STEERING	Rack & Pinion, variable ratio, 3 turns lock-to-lock			
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	40.3 Feet			
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P225/60R 16 97V Goodyear Eagle RS-A			
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent SLA with ball joint & coil spring			
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	4 bar link with Watts Linkage			
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	6.0 in.	LOCATION Transmission		
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, dual front piston, single rear piston, 4 circuit & ABS			
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE	Vented disc	SWEPT AREA	273 sq. in.
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE	Vented disc	SWEPT AREA	176 sq. in.
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS	19.0	LITERS	71.9
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE	114.7 in.	LENGTH	212.0 in.
	TEST WEIGHT	4154 lbs.	HEIGHT	58.5 in.
HEADROOM	FRONT	39.4 in.	REAR	38.0 in.
LEGROOM	FRONT	42.5 in.	REAR	39.6 in.
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT	60.8 in.	REAR	60.3 in.
HIPROOM	FRONT	57.1 in.	REAR	59.0 in.
INTERIOR VOLUME	FRONT	58.2 cu. ft.	REAR	51.1 cu. ft.
	COMB	109.3 cu. ft.	TRUNK	20.6 cu. ft.
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY TBD	HIGHWAY TBD		COMBINED TBD

TBD: Not available until March 2002.

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION SUMMARY

	Ford 2002 Police Interceptor	Chevrolet Impala	Dodge Intrepid
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – CU. IN.	281	231	214
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – LITERS	4.6	3.8	3.5
ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM	SPFI	SPFI	SPFI
HORSEPOWER (SAE NET)	235	200	242
TORQUE (FT. LBS.)	275	200	248
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.4:1	9.4:1	9.9:1
AXLE RATIO	3.27:1	3.29:1	3.66:1
TURNING CIRCLE – FT. CURB TO CURB	40.9	38.0	37.6
TRANSMISSION	4 Speed elec. auto	4 Speed elec. auto	4 Speed elec. auto
TRANSMISSION MODEL NUMBER	4R70W	4T65E	42LE
LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER	Yes	Yes	Yes
TRANSMISSION OVERDRIVE	Yes	Yes	Yes
TIRE SIZE	P225/60R	P225/60R	P225/60R
WHEEL RIM SIZE – INCHES	16	16	16
GROUND CLEARANCE – INCHES	6.0	6.1	5.7
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, ABS	Power, ABS	Power, ABS
BRAKES – FRONT TYPE	Vented Disc	Vented Disc	Vented Disc
BRAKES – REAR TYPE	Solid Disc	Solid Disc	Solid Disc
FUEL CAPACITY – GALLONS	19.0	17.0	17.0
FUEL CAPACITY – LITERS	71.9	64.3	64.4
OVERALL LENGTH – INCHES	212.0	200.1	203.7
OVERALL HEIGHT – INCHES	58.5	57.3	55.9
TEST WEIGHT – LBS.	4043	3593	3583
WHEELBASE – INCHES	114.7	110.5	113.0
HEADROOM FRONT – INCHES	39.4	39.2	38.3
HEADROOM REAR – INCHES	38.0	36.8	37.5
LEGROOM FRONT – INCHES	42.5	42.2	42.2
LEGROOM REAR – INCHES	39.6	38.4	39.1
SHOULDER ROOM FRONT – INCHES	60.8	59.0	59.0
SHOULDER ROOM REAR – INCHES	60.3	58.9	58.1
HIPROOM FRONT – INCHES	57.1	56.5	56.3
HIPROOM REAR – INCHES	59.0	55.7	56.6
INTERIOR VOLUME FRONT – CU. FT.	58.2	56.5	55.0
INTERIOR VOLUME REAR – CU. FT.	51.1	48.2	49.5
INTERIOR VOLUME COMB. – CU. FT.	109.3	104.7	104.5
TRUNK VOLUME – CU. FT.	20.6	17.6*	18.4
EPA MILEAGE – CITY – MPG	15	20	18
EPA MILEAGE – HIGHWAY – MPG	22	29	26
EPA MILEAGE – COMBINED – MPG	18	23	21

*Compact spare.

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION SUMMARY

	Chevrolet Camaro	AM General Hummer	Ford 2003 Police Interceptor
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – CU. IN.	350	396	281
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – LITERS	5.7	6.5	4.6
ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM	SPFI	Turbo Diesel	SPFI
HORSEPOWER (SAE NET)	310	195	235
TORQUE (FT. LBS.)	335	430	275
COMPRESSION RATIO	10.1:1	20.2:1	9.4:1
AXLE RATIO	3.23:1	4:92	3.27:1
TURNING CIRCLE – FT. CURB TO CURB	39.0	53.0	40.3
TRANSMISSION	4 Speed elec. auto	4 Speed elec. auto	4 Speed elec. auto
TRANSMISSION MODEL NUMBER	4L60E	4L80E	4R70W
LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER	Yes	Yes	Yes
TRANSMISSION OVERDRIVE	Yes	Yes	Yes
TIRE SIZE	P245/50ZR	37X12.50R	P225/60R
WHEEL RIM SIZE – INCHES	16	17	16
GROUND CLEARANCE – INCHES	4.4	16.0	6.0
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, ABS	Power, ABS	Power, ABS
BRAKES – FRONT TYPE	Vented Disc	Disc	Vented Disc
BRAKES – REAR TYPE	Vented Disc	Disc	Vented Disc
FUEL CAPACITY – GALLONS	15.5	42.0	19.0
FUEL CAPACITY – LITERS	58.7	159.0	71.9
OVERALL LENGTH – INCHES	193.2	184.5*	212.0
OVERALL HEIGHT – INCHES	51.3	75.0	58.5
TEST WEIGHT – LBS.	3462	7455	4154
WHEELBASE – INCHES	101.1	130.0	114.7
HEADROOM FRONT – INCHES	37.2	37.5	39.4
HEADROOM REAR – INCHES	35.3	36.7	38.0
LEGROOM FRONT – INCHES	43.0	36.0	42.5
LEGROOM REAR – INCHES	26.8	36.0	39.6
SHOULDER ROOM FRONT – INCHES	57.4	78.8	60.8
SHOULDER ROOM REAR – INCHES	55.8	78.8	60.3
HIPROOM FRONT – INCHES	52.8	50.6	57.1
HIPROOM REAR – INCHES	44.4	50.6	59.0
INTERIOR VOLUME FRONT – CU. FT.	53.1	61.6	58.2
INTERIOR VOLUME REAR – CU. FT.	28.8	61.6	51.1
INTERIOR VOLUME COMB. – CU. FT.	81.9	123.2	109.3
TRUNK VOLUME – CU. FT.	12.9	57.85	20.6
EPA MILEAGE – CITY – MPG	17	9	TBD
EPA MILEAGE – HIGHWAY – MPG	27	10	TBD
EPA MILEAGE – COMBINED – MPG	20	9**	TBD

*With winch.

**Class III vehicle – not tested to normal EPA requirements.

TBD: Not available until March 2002.

VEHICLE DYNAMICS TESTING

VEHICLE DYNAMICS TESTING

TEST OBJECTIVE

Determine each vehicle's high-speed pursuit or emergency handling characteristics and performance in comparison to the other vehicles in the test group. The course used is a 2-mile road-racing type configuration, containing hills, curves, and corners. The course simulates actual conditions encountered in pursuit or emergency driving situations in the field, with the exception of other traffic. The evaluation will be a true test of the success or failure of the vehicle manufacturers to offer vehicles that provide the optimum balance between handling (suspension components), acceleration (usable horsepower), and braking characteristics.

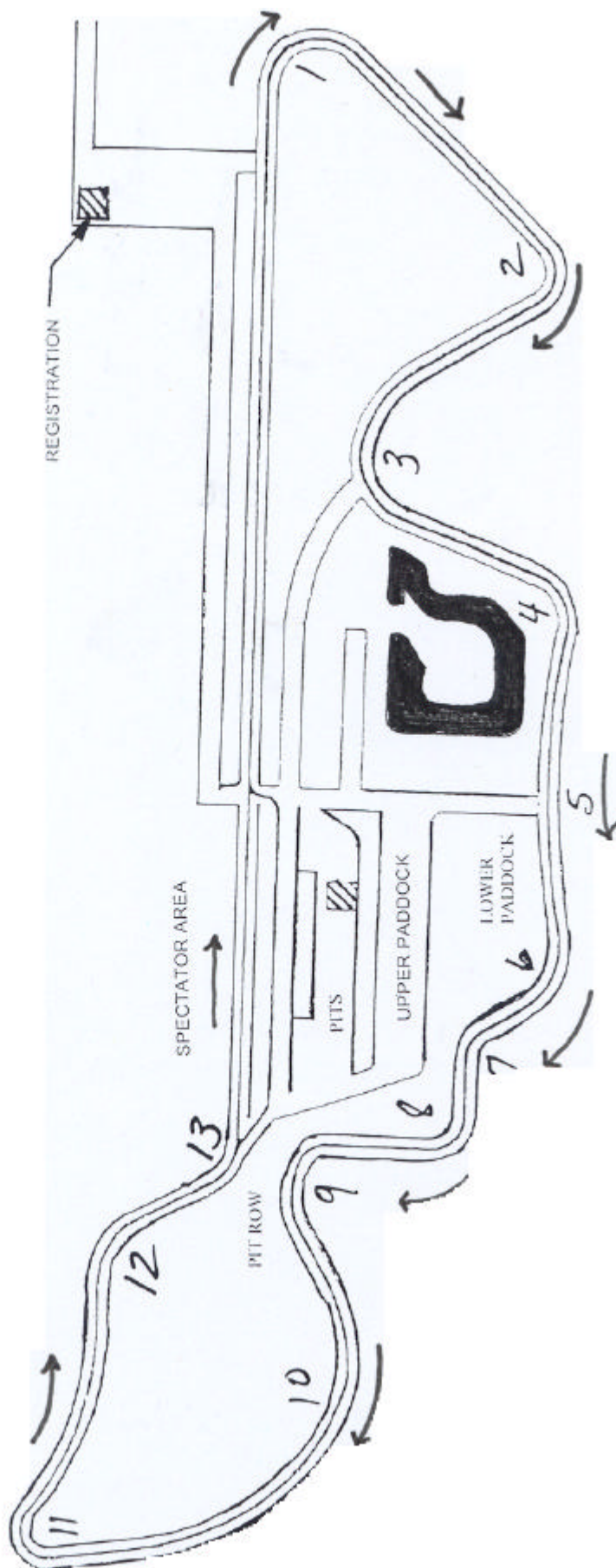
TEST METHODOLOGY

Each vehicle will be driven over the course for 16 timed laps, using 4 separate drivers. The final score for each vehicle will be the average of the fastest of 12 timed laps.

Grattan Raceway Park



7201 Lessiter
Belding, Michigan 48809



Arrows indicate
Michigan State Police
Road Test Course and
Direction of Travel.

VEHICLE DYNAMICS TESTING

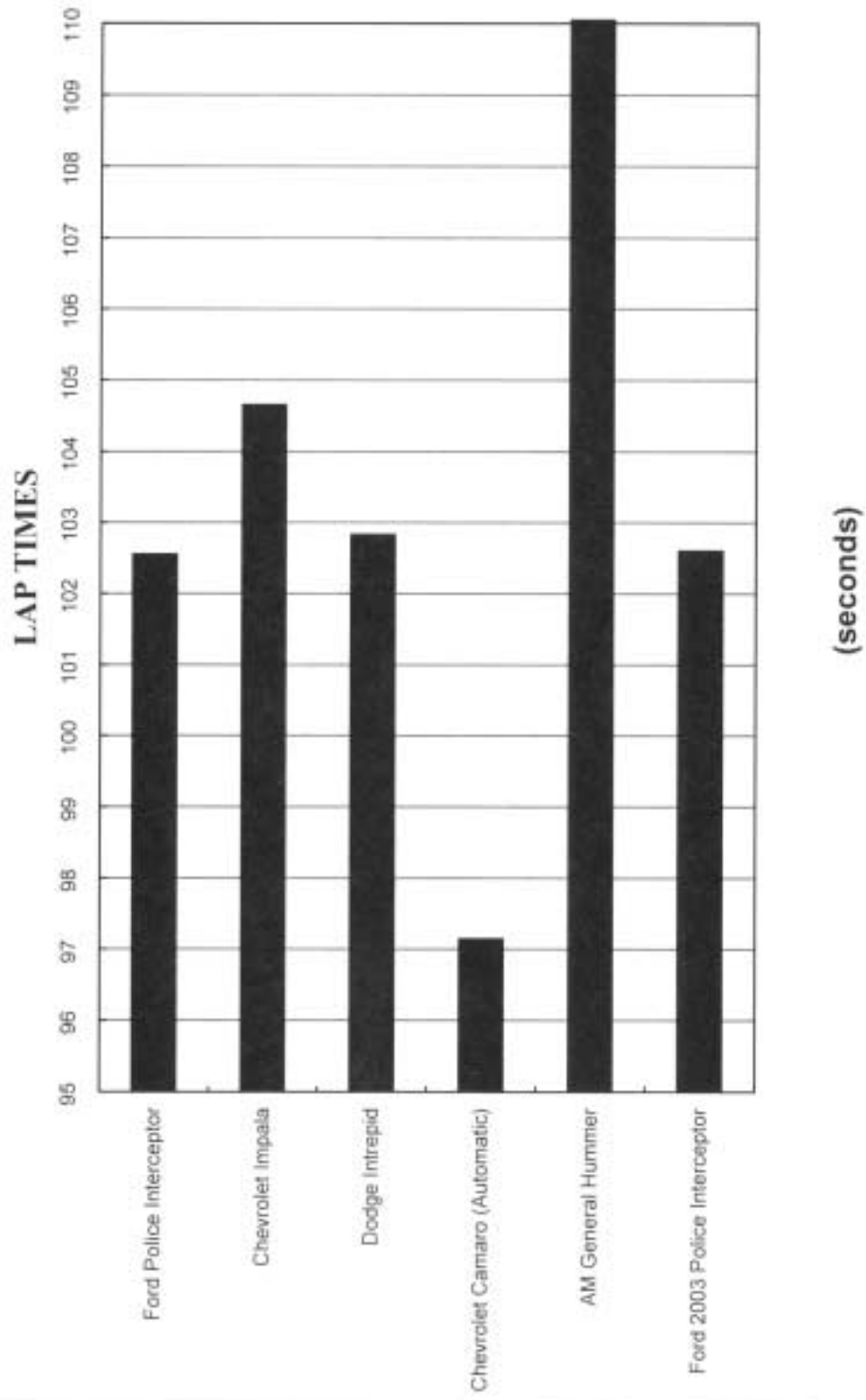
VEHICLES	DRIVERS	LAP 1	LAP 2	LAP 3	LAP 4	AVERAGE
Ford 2002	Wilson	1:42.36	1:42.57	1:42.34	1:42.96	
Police Interceptor	Schutter	1:42.83	1:43.04	1:43.02	1:43.44	
4.6L SPFI	Flegel	1:42.36	1:42.24	1:42.38	1:42.71	
ABS Brakes	Clark	1:42.76	1:42.09	1:43.02	1:43.60	
OVERALL AVERAGE						1:42.55
Chevrolet	Wilson	1:44.76	1:44.53	1:45.61	1:45.03	
Impala	Schutter	1:44.87	1:44.77	1:44.41	1:44.85	
3.8L SPFI	Flegel	1:44.87	1:44.40	1:44.67	1:44.50	
ABS Brakes	Clark	1:44.90	1:44.58	1:44.60	1:45.13	
OVERALL AVERAGE						1:44.65
Dodge	Wilson	1:43.19	1:42.33	1:43.52	1:43.76	
Intrepid	Schutter	1:44.05	1:43.63	1:43.78	1:43.74	
3.5L SPFI	Flegel	1:42.57	1:42.25	1:42.54	1:42.79	
ABS Brakes	Clark	1:42.91	1:42.58	1:42.92	1:42.76	
OVERALL AVERAGE						1:42.83
Chevrolet	Wilson	1:36.05	1:36.20	1:36.68	1:36.60	
Camaro Automatic	Schutter	1:37.97	1:38.87	1:39.29	1:38.99	
5.7L SPFI	Flegel	1:37.20	1:38.36	1:37.74	1:39.00	
ABS Brakes	Clark	1:37.11	1:38.29	1:36.81	1:36.68	
OVERALL AVERAGE						1:37.14
AM General	Wilson	2:02.14	2:02.02	2:01.63	2:02.38	
Hummer	Schutter	2:02.44	2:03.69	2:03.06	2:02.89	
6.5L Turbo Diesel	Flegel	2:01.11	2:01.10	2:00.64	2:00.39	
ABS Brakes	Clark	2:02.55	2:01.84	2:01.33	2:01.60	
OVERALL AVERAGE						2:01.55
Ford 2003	Wilson	1:43.33	1:43.20	1:43.11	1:43.35	
Police Interceptor	Schutter	1:42.40	1:42.43	1:42.56	1:42.48	
4.6L SPFI	Flegel	1:43.05	1:43.09	1:43.05	1:43.20	
ABS Brakes	Clark	1:43.14	1:42.03	1:41.86	1:42.03	
OVERALL AVERAGE						1:42.60

VEHICLE DYNAMICS IN PROGRESS



Dodge, Chevrolet & Ford on the high-speed handling course.

2002 VEHICLE DYNAMICS COMPARISON



Note: The Hummer lap time was 121.55 seconds.

ACCELERATION, TOP SPEED AND BRAKE TESTING

ACCELERATION AND TOP SPEED TESTING

ACCELERATION TEST OBJECTIVE

Determine the ability of each test vehicle to accelerate from a standing start to 60 mph, 80 mph, and 100 mph, and determine the distance to reach 110 mph and 120 mph.

ACCELERATION TEST METHODOLOGY

Using a DLS Smart Sensor – Optical non-contact Speed and Distance Sensor in conjunction with a lap top computer, each vehicle is driven through four acceleration sequences, two northbound and two southbound, to allow for wind direction. The four resulting times for each target speed are averaged and the average times used to derive scores on the competitive test for acceleration.

TOP SPEED TEST OBJECTIVE

Determine the actual top speed attainable by each test vehicle within a distance of 14 miles from a standing start.

TOP SPEED TEST METHODOLOGY

Following the fourth acceleration run, each test vehicle will continue to accelerate to the top speed attainable within 14 miles from the start of the run. The highest speed attained within the 14-mile distance will be the vehicle's score on the competitive test for top speed.



The Camaro on its way to a 160 mph run.

BRAKE TESTING

BRAKE TEST OBJECTIVE

Determine the deceleration rate attained by each test vehicle on twelve 60 – 0 mph impending skid (threshold) stops, with ABS in operation if the vehicle is so equipped. Each vehicle will be scored on the average deceleration rate it attains.

BRAKE TEST METHODOLOGY

Each vehicle will make two decelerations at specific predetermined points on the test road from 90 – 0 mph at 22 ft/s², with the driver using a decelerometer to maintain the deceleration rate. Immediately after these “heat-up” stops are completed, the vehicle will be turned around and will make six measured 60 – 0 mph impending skid (threshold) stops with ABS in operation, if so equipped, at specific predetermined points. Following a four 4-minute heat soak, the entire sequence will be repeated. The exact initial velocity at the beginning of each of the 60 – 0 mph decelerations, and the exact distance required to make each stop will be recorded by means of a non contact optical sensor in conjunction with electronic speed and distance meters. In calculating brake test results, the slowest deceleration rate was removed from each phase. The average deceleration rates were calculated from the remaining 5 stops in each phase. The final scores are based on the best 10 stops, which is the vehicle’s score for this test.

DECELERATION RATE FORMULA

$$\text{Deceleration Rate (DR)} = \frac{\text{Initial Velocity}^*(\text{IV}) \text{ squared}}{2 \text{ times Stopping Distance (SD)}} = \frac{(\text{IV})^2}{2 (\text{SD})}$$

EXAMPLE:

Initial Velocity = 89.175 ft/s (60.8 mph x 1.4667*)
Stopping Distance = 171.4 ft.

$$\text{DR} = \frac{(\text{IV})^2}{2(\text{SD})} = \frac{(89.175)^2}{2(171.4)} = \frac{7952.24}{342.8} = 23.198 \text{ ft/s}^2$$

Once a vehicle’s average deceleration rate has been determined, it is possible to calculate the stopping distance from any given speed by utilizing the following formula:

Select a speed; translate that speed into feet per second; square the feet per second figure by multiplying it by itself; divide the resultant figure by 2; divide the remaining figure by the average deceleration rate of the vehicle in question.

EXAMPLE:

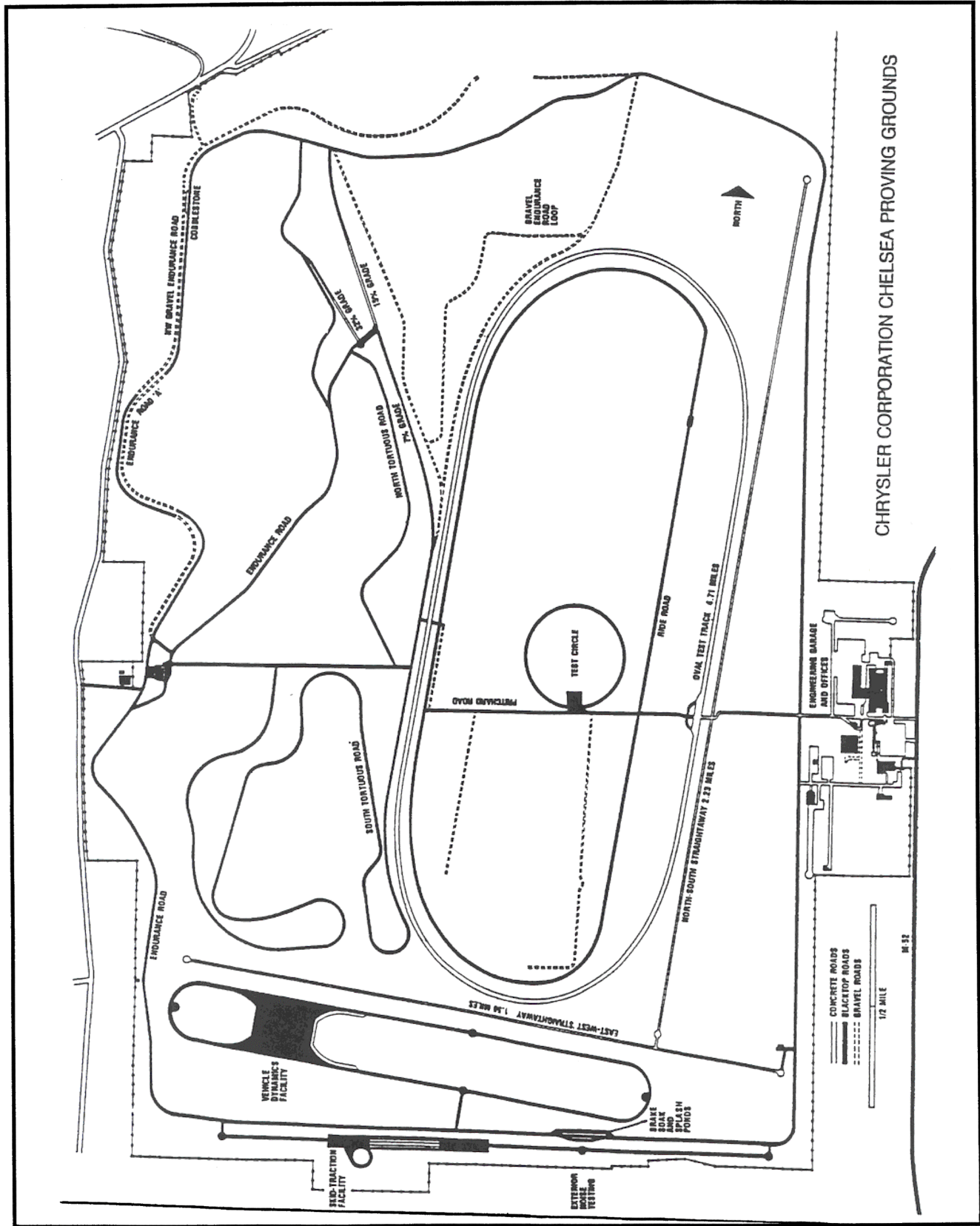
$$60 \text{ mph} = 88.002 \text{ ft/s} \times 88.002 = 7744.352 / 2 = 3872.176 / 23.198 \text{ ft/s}^2 = 166.9 \text{ ft.}$$

*Initial velocity must be expressed in terms of feet per second, with 1 mile per hour being equal to 1.4667 feet per second.

BRAKE TESTING



Preparation and testing at the East-West straightaway.



CHRYSLER CORPORATION CHELSEA PROVING GROUNDS

SUMMARY OF ACCELERATION, TOP SPEED, AND BRAKE TESTING

ACCELERATION*	Ford 2002 Police Interceptor 4.6L SPFI	Chevrolet Impala 3.8L SPFI	Dodge Intrepid 3.5L SPFI
0 – 20 mph (sec.)	1.85	2.06	1.98
0 – 30 mph (sec.)	3.14	3.28	3.21
0 – 40 mph (sec.)	4.49	4.71	4.60
0 – 50 mph (sec.)	6.17	6.70	6.40
0 – 60 mph (sec.)	8.42	9.21	8.72
0 – 70 mph (sec.)	10.84	11.98	11.30
0 – 80 mph (sec.)	13.77	15.44	14.35
0 – 90 mph (sec.)	18.14	20.47	18.80
0 – 100 mph (sec.)	23.34	26.27	24.27
TOP SPEED (mph)	129**	124**	135**
DISTANCE TO REACH			
110 mph (miles)	.62	.72	.66
120 mph (miles)	.99	1.92	.97
QUARTER MILE			
Time (sec.)	16.43	17.04	16.68
Speed (miles)	86.53	83.65	85.48
	ABS	ABS	ABS
BRAKING – PHASE I			
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	27.87	25.60	25.30
BRAKING – PHASE II			
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	27.47	26.52	26.54
BRAKING – FINAL SCORE ***			
Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	27.67	26.06	25.92
Projected Stopping Distance from 60 mph (feet)	139.9	148.6	149.4

* Four run average.

**Vehicle equipped with an electronic speed limiter.

***See individual brake testing pages for the Michigan State Police minimum requirements.

SUMMARY OF ACCELERATION, TOP SPEED, AND BRAKE TESTING

ACCELERATION*	Chevrolet Camaro 5.7L SPFI	AM General Hummer 6.5L Turbo Diesel	Ford 2003 Police Interceptor 4.6L SPFI
0 – 20 mph (sec.)	1.57	2.87	1.99
0 – 30 mph (sec.)	2.42	5.41	3.29
0 – 40 mph (sec.)	3.29	8.82	4.70
0 – 50 mph (sec.)	4.34	13.65	6.58
0 – 60 mph (sec.)	5.69	20.03	8.84
0 – 70 mph (sec.)	7.10	30.36	11.28
0 – 80 mph (sec.)	8.75	56.25	14.29
0 – 90 mph (sec.)	10.94	N/A	18.74
0 – 100 mph (sec.)	13.48	N/A	23.83
TOP SPEED (mph)	159**	83**	127**
DISTANCE TO REACH			
110 mph (miles)	.31	N/A	.64
120 mph (miles)	.42	N/A	1.00
QUARTER MILE			
Time (sec.)	14.14	21.90	16.72
Speed (miles)	102.48	62.40	85.80
	ABS	ABS	ABS
BRAKING – PHASE I			
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	26.79	22.39	25.16
BRAKING – PHASE II			
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	28.23	22.17	24.91
BRAKING – FINAL SCORE ***			
Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	27.51	22.28	25.03
Projected Stopping Distance from 60 mph (feet)	140.8	173.8	154.7

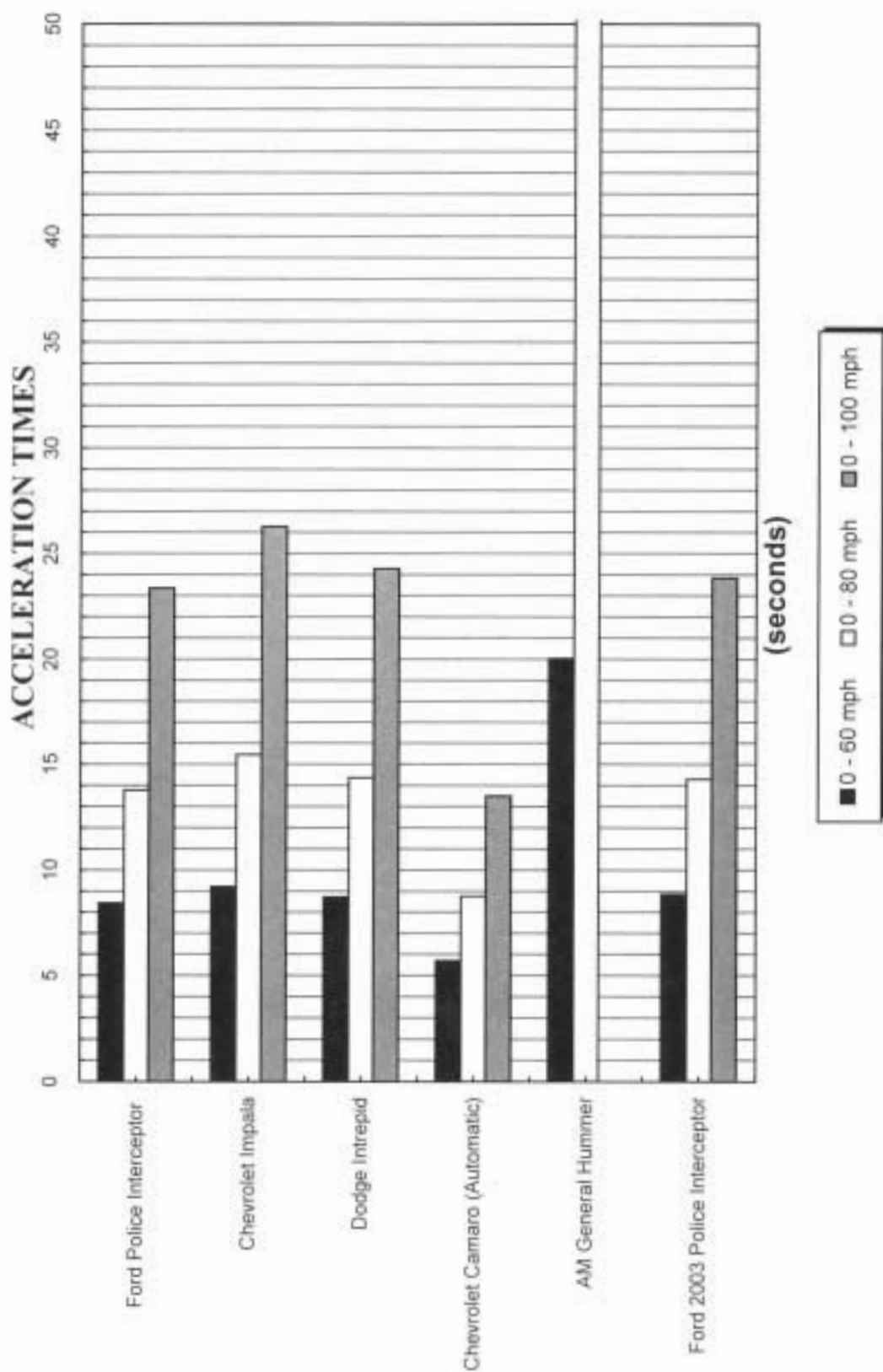
*Four run average.

**Vehicle equipped with an electronic speed limiter.

***See individual brake testing pages for the Michigan State Police minimum requirements.

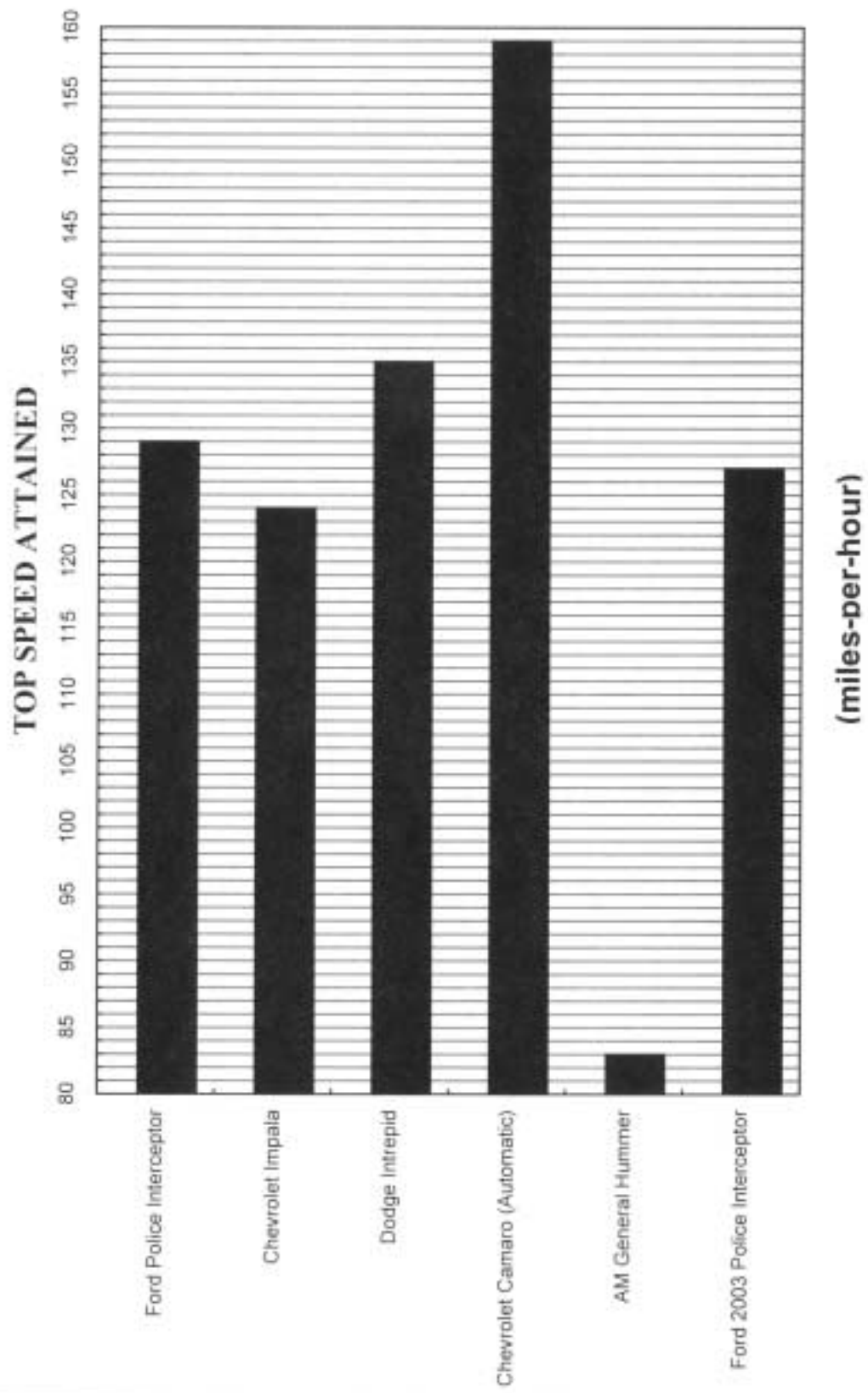
N/A: Vehicle did not achieve or exceed speeds of 100 mph.

2002 ACCELERATION COMPARISON



Note: The Hummer acceleration time was 56.25 seconds.

2002 TOP SPEED COMPARISON



ACCELERATION AND TOP SPEED TESTS

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

MAKE & MODEL: Ford Police Interceptor 4.6L SPFI BEGINNING TIME: 10:12 a.m.

WIND VELOCITY: 1.6 mph WIND DIRECTION: 031° TEMPERATURE: 52.9°

ACCELERATION

SPEEDS	TIME REQUIREMENTS*	RUN#1	RUN#2	RUN#3	RUN#4	AVERAGE
0 – 60	9.6 sec.	8.49	8.43	8.41	8.36	8.42
0 – 80	16.4 sec.	13.81	13.75	13.68	13.82	13.77
0 – 100	27.1 sec.	23.61	23.32	23.10	23.31	23.34

DISTANCE TO REACH: 110 MPH .62 mile 120 MPH .99 mile

TOP SPEED ATTAINED: 129 mph

MAKE & MODEL: Chevrolet Impala 3.8L SPFI BEGINNING TIME: 10:36 a.m.

WIND VELOCITY: 2.8 mph WIND DIRECTION: 054° TEMPERATURE: 54.2°

ACCELERATION

SPEEDS	TIME REQUIREMENTS*	RUN#1	RUN#2	RUN#3	RUN#4	AVERAGE
0 – 60	9.7 sec.	9.29	9.25	9.15	9.15	9.21
0 – 80	16.7 sec.	15.56	15.50	15.26	15.44	15.44
0 – 100	27.4 sec.	26.62	26.31	25.95	26.20	26.27

DISTANCE TO REACH: 110 MPH .72 mile 120 MPH 1.92 mile

TOP SPEED ATTAINED: 124 mph

*Michigan State Police minimum requirement.

ACCELERATION AND TOP SPEED TESTS

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

MAKE & MODEL: Dodge Intrepid 3.5L SPFI

BEGINNING TIME: 10:58 a.m.

WIND VELOCITY: 5.9 mph WIND DIRECTION: 046° TEMPERATURE: 56.1°

ACCELERATION

SPEEDS	TIME REQUIREMENTS*	RUN#1	RUN#2	RUN#3	RUN#4	AVERAGE
0 – 60	9.7 sec.	8.81	8.74	8.66	8.68	8.72
0 – 80	16.7 sec.	14.29	14.49	14.35	14.27	14.35
0 – 100	27.4 sec.	24.27	24.49	23.93	24.39	24.27

DISTANCE TO REACH: 110 MPH .66 mile

120 MPH .97 mile

TOP SPEED ATTAINED: 135 mph

MAKE & MODEL: Chevrolet Camaro 5.7L SPFI (Automatic)

BEGINNING TIME: 9:41 a.m.

WIND VELOCITY: 2.7 mph

WIND DIRECTION: 358°

TEMPERATURE: 50.7°

ACCELERATION

SPEEDS	TIME REQUIREMENTS*	RUN#1	RUN#2	RUN#3	RUN#4	AVERAGE
0 – 60	7.4 sec.	5.68	5.72	5.71	5.63	5.69
0 – 80	12.1 sec.	8.74	8.83	8.73	8.71	8.75
0 – 100	19.8 sec.	13.40	13.60	13.44	13.49	13.48

DISTANCE TO REACH: 110 MPH .31 mile

120 MPH .42 mile

TOP SPEED ATTAINED: 159 mph

*Michigan State Police minimum requirement.

ACCELERATION AND TOP SPEED TESTS

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds

DATE: September 15, 2001

MAKE & MODEL: AM General Hummer 6.5L Turbo Diesel BEGINNING TIME: 9:03 a.m.

WIND VELOCITY: 4.6 mph WIND DIRECTION: 345° TEMPERATURE: 49.0°

ACCELERATION

SPEEDS	TIME REQUIREMENTS*	RUN#1	RUN#2	RUN#3	RUN#4	AVERAGE
0 – 60	N/A	19.33	20.33	19.96	20.50	20.03
0 – 80	N/A	51.71	58.64	56.48	58.15	56.25
0 – 100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

DISTANCE TO REACH: 110 MPH N/A

120 MPH N/A

TOP SPEED ATTAINED: 83 mph

MAKE & MODEL: Ford 2003 Police Interceptor 4.6L SPFI

BEGINNING TIME: 11:20 a.m.

WIND VELOCITY: 6.2 mph

WIND DIRECTION: 045°

TEMPERATURE: 56.9°

ACCELERATION

SPEEDS	TIME REQUIREMENTS*	RUN#1	RUN#2	RUN#3	RUN#4	AVERAGE
0 – 60	9.6 sec.	8.78	8.85	8.79	8.95	8.84
0 – 80	16.4 sec.	14.22	14.38	14.12	14.44	14.29
0 – 100	27.1 sec.	23.58	24.13	23.52	24.07	23.83

DISTANCE TO REACH: 110 MPH .64 mile

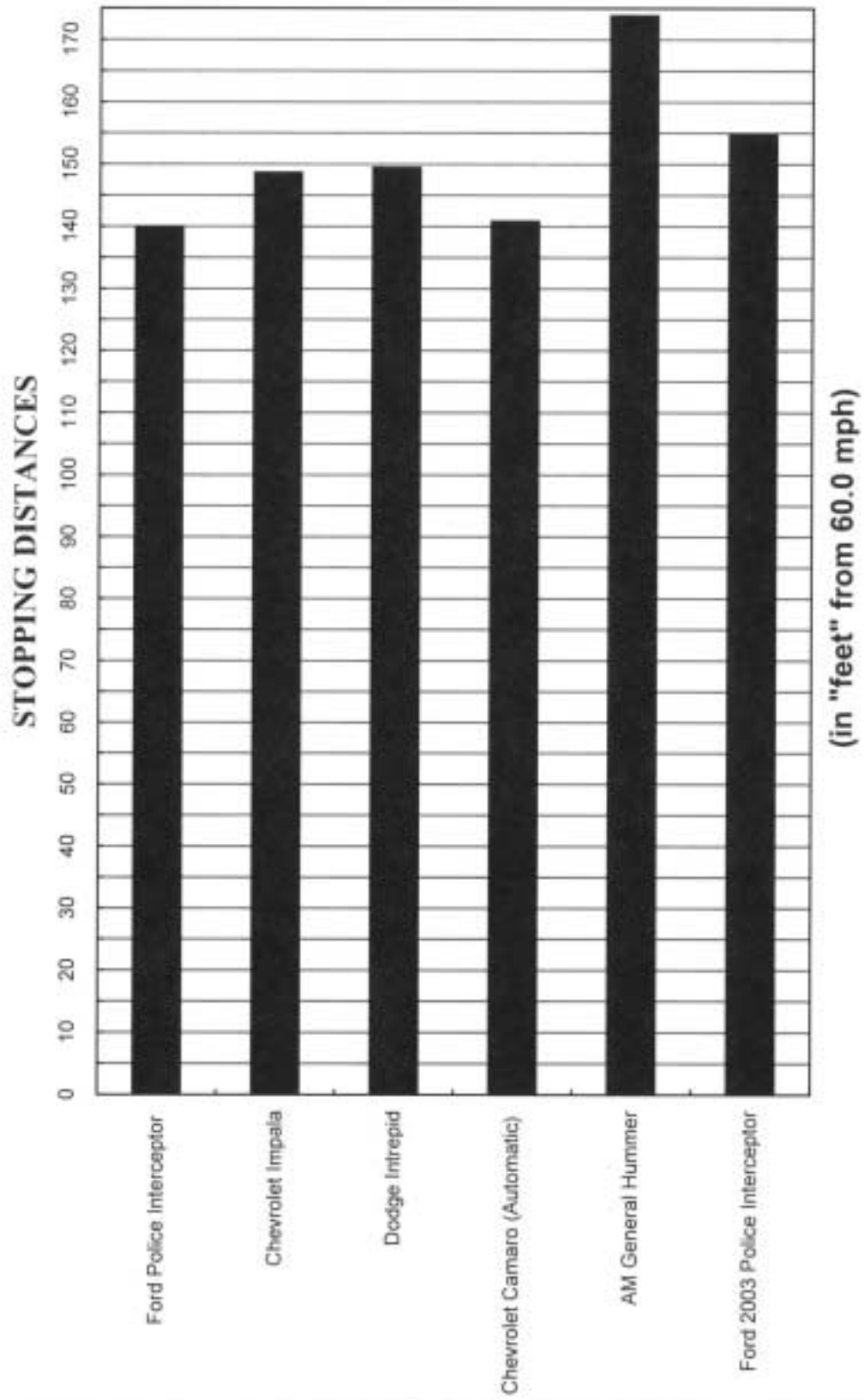
120 MPH 1.00 mile

TOP SPEED ATTAINED: 127 mph

*Michigan State Police minimum requirement.

BRAKE TESTING (CONTINUED)

2002 BRAKE TESTING COMPARISON



BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 10:36 a.m.

TEMPERATURE: 54.2°F

MAKE and MODEL: Ford 2002 Police Interceptor 4.6L BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>59.7</u> mph	<u>138.9</u> feet	<u>27.60</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>61.1</u> mph	<u>147.9</u> feet	<u>27.15</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>138.6</u> feet	<u>28.41</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>140.3</u> feet	<u>28.43</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>142.3</u> feet	<u>27.76</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²

HEAT SOAK: AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase I): 27.87 ft/s²
(4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>140.9</u> feet	<u>27.76</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>59.6</u> mph	<u>136.7</u> feet	<u>27.95</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>146.3</u> feet	<u>27.27</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>144.7</u> feet	<u>26.94</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>142.9</u> feet	<u>27.46</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase II): 27.47 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 27.67 ft/s²

Michigan State Police minimum requirement – 25.87 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 10:58 a.m.

TEMPERATURE: 56.1°F

MAKE and MODEL: Chevrolet Impala 3.8L

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>149.9</u> feet	<u>26.35</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>153.5</u> feet	<u>25.48</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>151.2</u> feet	<u>25.78</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>166.0</u> feet	<u>24.03</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>149.8</u> feet	<u>26.37</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase I): 25.60 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>147.3</u> feet	<u>26.55</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.1</u> mph	<u>148.0</u> feet	<u>26.25</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>153.3</u> feet	<u>25.85</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>148.2</u> feet	<u>26.48</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>143.7</u> feet	<u>27.49</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase II): 26.52 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 26.06 ft/s²

Michigan State Police minimum requirement – 25.96 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 11:20 a.m.

TEMPERATURE: 56.9°F

MAKE and MODEL: Dodge Intrepid 3.5L

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>148.4</u> feet	<u>26.97</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>161.4</u> feet	<u>24.72</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>157.0</u> feet	<u>25.08</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>158.7</u> feet	<u>24.73</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>158.5</u> feet	<u>25.00</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase I): 25.30 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>61.2</u> mph	<u>144.6</u> feet	<u>27.86</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>145.6</u> feet	<u>26.95</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>144.8</u> feet	<u>27.37</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>156.4</u> feet	<u>25.17</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>155.2</u> feet	<u>25.37</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase II): 26.54 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 25.92 ft/s²

Michigan State Police minimum requirement – 25.96 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 10:12 a.m.

TEMPERATURE: 52.9°F

MAKE and MODEL: Chevrolet Camaro 5.7L BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>151.6</u> feet	<u>26.14</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>146.5</u> feet	<u>26.78</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>146.8</u> feet	<u>26.82</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>147.9</u> feet	<u>26.62</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>142.3</u> feet	<u>27.58</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase I): 26.79 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>138.2</u> feet	<u>28.58</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>140.6</u> feet	<u>27.91</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>143.0</u> feet	<u>27.90</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>139.1</u> feet	<u>28.40</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>141.0</u> feet	<u>28.39</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase II): 28.23 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 27.51 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 09:41 a.m.

TEMPERATURE: 50.7°F

MAKE and MODEL: AM General Hummer 6.5L

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.5</u> mph	<u>175.6</u> feet	<u>23.17</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>182.7</u> feet	<u>21.91</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>175.7</u> feet	<u>22.26</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>61.7</u> mph	<u>184.2</u> feet	<u>22.23</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>177.0</u> feet	<u>22.39</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase I): 22.39 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>180.3</u> feet	<u>22.20</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>181.8</u> feet	<u>21.73</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.8</u> mph	<u>180.1</u> feet	<u>22.08</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>180.9</u> feet	<u>21.91</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>172.3</u> feet	<u>22.93</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase II): 22.17 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 22.28 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 12:41 a.m.

TEMPERATURE: 62.1°F

MAKE and MODEL: Ford 2003 Police Interceptor 4.6L BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>165.6</u> feet	<u>24.17</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>59.5</u> mph	<u>159.7</u> feet	<u>23.84</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>153.3</u> feet	<u>25.68</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>150.9</u> feet	<u>25.83</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>148.4</u> feet	<u>26.27</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase I): 25.16 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>167.1</u> feet	<u>23.87</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>153.4</u> feet	<u>25.75</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.8</u> mph	<u>171.2</u> feet	<u>23.23</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>153.8</u> feet	<u>25.68</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>61.1</u> mph	<u>154.4</u> feet	<u>26.01</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Best 5 of 6 stops Phase II): 24.91 ft/s²

Phase III

Yes/No

Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 25.03 ft/s²

Michigan State Police minimum requirement – 25.87 ft/s²

ERGONOMICS AND COMMUNICATIONS EVALUATION

ERGONOMICS AND COMMUNICATIONS

TEST OBJECTIVE

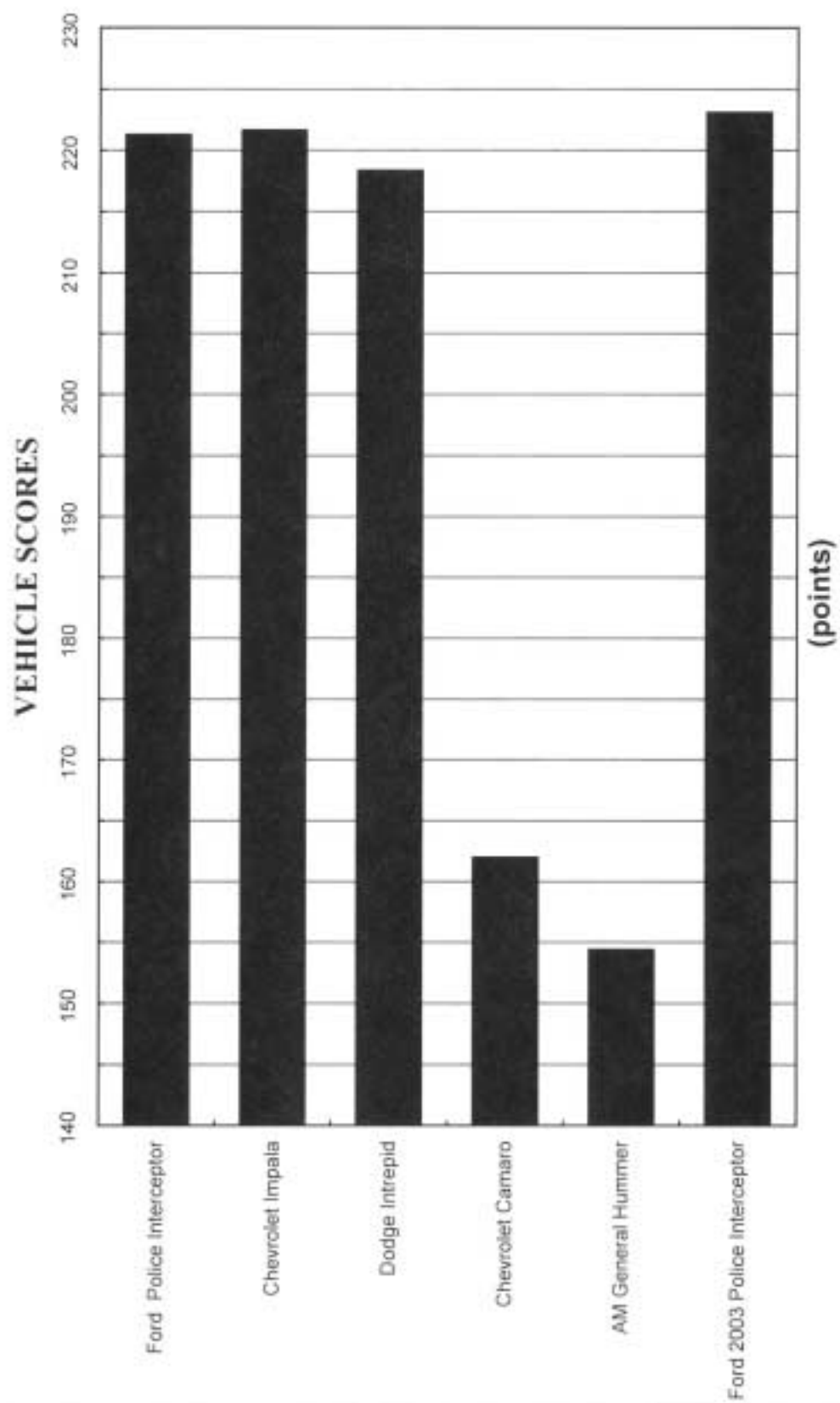
Rate each test vehicle's ability to:

1. Provide a suitable environment for the patrol officer in the performance of his/her assigned tasks.
2. Accommodate the required communications and emergency warning equipment and assess the relative difficulty of such installations.

TEST METHODOLOGY

Utilizing the ergonomics portion of the form, a minimum of four officers (in this case 10) will individually and independently compare and score each test vehicle on the various comfort, instrumentation, and visibility items. The installation and communications portion of the evaluation will be conducted by personnel from the Michigan State Police Communications Division and Vehicle and Travel Services, based upon the relative difficulty of the necessary installations. Each factor will be graded on a 1 to 10 scale, with 1 representing "totally unacceptable," 5 representing "average," and 10 representing "superior." The scores will be averaged to minimize personal prejudice for or against any given vehicle.

2002 ERGONOMICS/COMMUNICATIONS COMPARISON



ERGONOMICS AND COMMUNICATIONS

ERGONOMICS	Ford 2002 Police Interceptor	Chevrolet Impala	Dodge Intrepid
FRONT SEAT			
Padding	7.10	8.40	7.90
Depth of Bucket Seat	7.40	7.50	7.10
Adjustability – Front to Rear	8.30	8.20	8.20
Upholstery	7.20	7.70	7.40
Bucket Seat Design	6.90	8.10	7.60
Headroom	7.60	8.00	7.80
Seatbelts	8.10	8.20	8.20
Ease of Entry and Exit	8.10	7.80	7.60
Overall Comfort Rating	7.90	8.00	8.00
REAR SEAT			
Leg room – Front seat back	7.60	7.20	8.10
Ease of Entry and Exit	7.40	6.80	7.50
INSTRUMENTATION			
Clarity	8.60	8.40	8.90
Placement	8.70	8.40	8.90
VEHICLE CONTROLS			
Pedals, Size and Position	8.50	8.60	7.70
Power Window Switch	8.50	8.30	8.50
Inside Door Lock Switch	8.20	8.00	8.60
Automatic Door Lock Switch	8.40	7.70	7.40
Outside Mirror Controls	7.70	7.80	7.22
Steering Wheel, Size, Tilt Release, and Surface	8.60	8.30	8.20
Heat/AC Vent Placement and Adjustability	8.50	8.20	8.00
VISIBILITY			
Front (Windshield)	8.70	8.90	8.40
Rear (Back Window)	7.30	7.20	7.20
Left Rear Quarter	7.40	7.40	6.90
Right Rear Quarter	7.40	7.50	6.60
Outside Rear View Mirrors	7.00	7.20	5.90
COMMUNICATIONS			
Dashboard Accessibility	8.00	7.40	8.13
Trunk Accessibility	8.33	8.44	8.56
Engine Compartment	7.83	8.00	7.83
TOTAL SCORES	221.26	221.64	218.34

ERGONOMICS AND COMMUNICATIONS

ERGONOMICS	Chevrolet Camaro	AM General Hummer	Ford 2003 Police Interceptor
FRONT SEAT			
Padding	5.80	5.20	7.50
Depth of Bucket Seat	5.20	5.50	7.60
Adjustability – Front to Rear	5.90	5.70	8.50
Upholstery	6.40	6.70	7.10
Bucket Seat Design	6.10	5.80	7.40
Headroom	4.90	9.30	7.70
Seatbelts	5.70	6.00	8.20
Ease of Entry and Exit	3.40	3.50	8.10
Overall Comfort Rating	4.80	5.22	8.10
REAR SEAT			
Leg room – Front seat back	2.00	4.30	7.78
Ease of Entry and Exit	1.50	3.10	7.44
INSTRUMENTATION			
Clarity	7.50	5.40	8.60
Placement	8.00	5.70	8.70
VEHICLE CONTROLS			
Pedals, Size and Position	7.40	7.30	8.80
Power Window Switch	7.60	5.80	8.50
Inside Door Lock Switch	8.50	5.40	7.90
Automatic Door Lock Switch	7.70	5.70	8.30
Outside Mirror Controls	6.70	3.90	7.90
Steering Wheel, Size, Tilt Release, and Surface	8.20	4.30	8.60
Heat/AC Vent Placement and Adjustability	7.78	6.90	8.40
VISIBILITY			
Front (Windshield)	6.30	6.80	8.70
Rear (Back Window)	4.70	3.50	7.30
Left Rear Quarter	4.70	4.80	7.40
Right Rear Quarter	4.80	4.60	7.40
Outside Rear View Mirrors	4.40	6.00	7.00
COMMUNICATIONS			
Dashboard Accessibility	5.33	6.20	8.00
Trunk Accessibility	4.00	6.11	8.33
Engine Compartment	6.67	5.67	7.83
TOTAL SCORES	161.98	154.40	223.08

FUEL ECONOMY EVALUATION

FUEL ECONOMY

TEST OBJECTIVE

Determine the fuel economy potential of all vehicles being evaluated. The data used for scoring are both valid and reliable in a comparison sense, while not necessarily being an accurate predictor of actual fuel economy in police patrol service.

TEST METHODOLOGY

The vehicles will be scored based on estimates for city fuel economy to the nearest 1/10th mile per gallon (mpg) developed from data supplied by the vehicle manufacturer and certified by the Environmental Protection Agency.

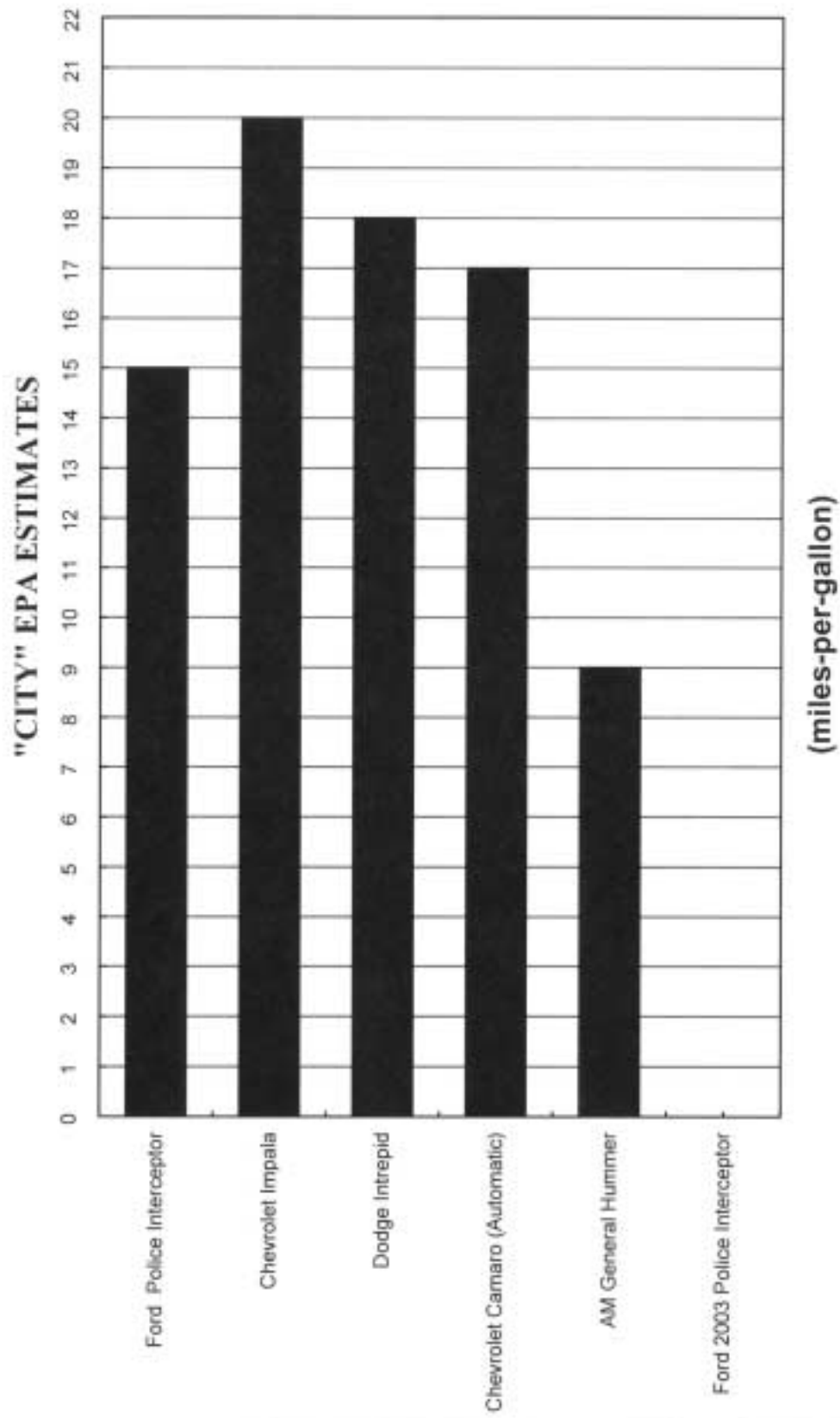
Vehicles Make/Model/Engine	E.P.A. Miles Per Gallon		
	City*	Highway	Combined
Ford 2002 Police Interceptor 4.6 L SPFI	15 (15.5)	22	18
Chevrolet Impala 3.8L SPFI	20 (19.5)	29	23
Dodge Intrepid 3.5L SPFI	18 (18.0)	26	21
Chevrolet Camaro 5.7L SPFI (Automatic)	17 (16.6)	27	20
AM General Hummer 6.5L (Turbo Diesel)	9 (9.0)	10	9**
Ford 2003 Police Interceptor 4.6L SPFI	TBD	TBD	TBD

*Scored on city mileage only to the nearest 1/10 mpg.

**Class III vehicle – not tested to normal EPA requirements.

TBD: Not available until March 2002.

2002 FUEL ECONOMY COMPARISON



Note: The 2003 Police Interceptor EPA estimates not available until March 2002.

MICHIGAN STATE POLICE SCORING AND BID ADJUSTMENT METHODOLOGY*

STEP I: RAW SCORES

Raw scores are developed, through testing, for each vehicle in each of six evaluation categories. The raw scores are expressed in terms of seconds, feet per second², miles-per-hour, points, and miles-per-gallon.

VEHICLE DYNAM. (seconds)	ACCEL. (seconds)	BRAKING RATE (ft/sec ²)	TOP SPEED (mph)	ERGONOMICS & COMMUN. (points)	FUEL ECONOMY (mpg)
92.210	45.790	26.380	115.000	173.900	14.300

STEP II: DEVIATION FACTOR

In each evaluation category, the best scoring vehicle's score is used as the benchmark against which each of the other vehicles' scores are compared. (In the Vehicle Dynamics and Acceleration categories the lowest score is best, while in the remainder of the categories the highest score is best.) The best scoring vehicle in a given category received a deviation factor of "0." The "deviation factor" is then calculated by determining the absolute difference between each vehicle's raw score and the best score in that category. The absolute difference is then divided by the best score, with the result being the "deviation factor."

CAR MAKE MODEL	TOP SPEED
CAR "A"	115.000 .042
CAR "B"	118.800 .010
CAR "C"	117.900 .018
CAR "D"	120.000 0

EXAMPLE:

Best Score (Car "D")	-	Other Vehicle Score (Car "A")	=	Absolute Difference	/	Best Score	=	Deviation Factor (Car "A")
120.000		115.000		5		120.000		.042

STEP III: WEIGHTED CATEGORY SCORE

Each vehicle's weighted category score is determined by multiplying the deviation factor (as determined in Step II) by the category weight.

RAW SCORE
DEVIATION FACTOR
WEIGHTED CATEGORY SCORE

15 points	(category weight)
TOP SPEED (mph)	
115.000 .042 .630	.042 X 15 = .630

*All mathematical computations are to be rounded to the third decimal place.

STEP IV: TOTAL WEIGHTED SCORE

Adding together the six (6) weighted category scores for that vehicle derives the total weighted score for each vehicle.

EXAMPLE:

CAR	30 pts. VEH. DYN. (seconds)	20 pts. ACCEL. (seconds)	20 pts. BRAKE DECEL. (ft/sec ²)	15 pts. TOP SPEED (mph)	10 pts. ERGO/ COMM. (points)	5 pts. FULE ECON. (mpg)	TOTAL WEIGHTED SCORE
Car "A"	92.210 .018 .540	45.790 .163 3.260	26.380 0 0	115.000 .042 .630	173.900 .184 1.840	14.300 0 0	6.270

STEP V: BID ADJUSTMENT FIGURE

The bid adjustment figure that we have chosen to use is one percent (1%) of the lowest bid price received. As an example, in this and the following two steps, the lowest bid price received was \$15,238.00, which results in a bid adjustment figure of **\$152.38**.

STEP VI: ACTUAL DOLLAR ADJUSTMENT

The actual dollar adjustment for a vehicle is determined by multiplying that vehicle's total weighted score by the bid adjustment figure as shown at right.

TOTAL WTD. SCORE	BID ADJ. FIGURE	ACTUAL DOLLAR ADJ.
X		=
6.270	\$152.38	\$955.42

STEP VII: ADJUSTED BID PRICE

The actual dollar adjustment amount arrived at for each vehicle is added to that vehicle's bid price. Provided other necessary approvals are received, the vehicle with the lowest adjusted bid price will be the vehicle purchased. (The amount paid for the purchased vehicles will be the actual bid price.)

ACTUAL DOLLAR ADJ.	ACTUAL BID PRICE	ADJ. BID PRICE
+		=
\$955.42	\$15,473.00	\$16,428.42

APPENDIX I

PERFORMANCE COMPARISONS OF 2001 AND 2002 TEST VEHICLES

The following charts illustrate the scores achieved by each make and model of vehicle tested for model years 2001 and 2002. The charts presented are for the following performance categories:

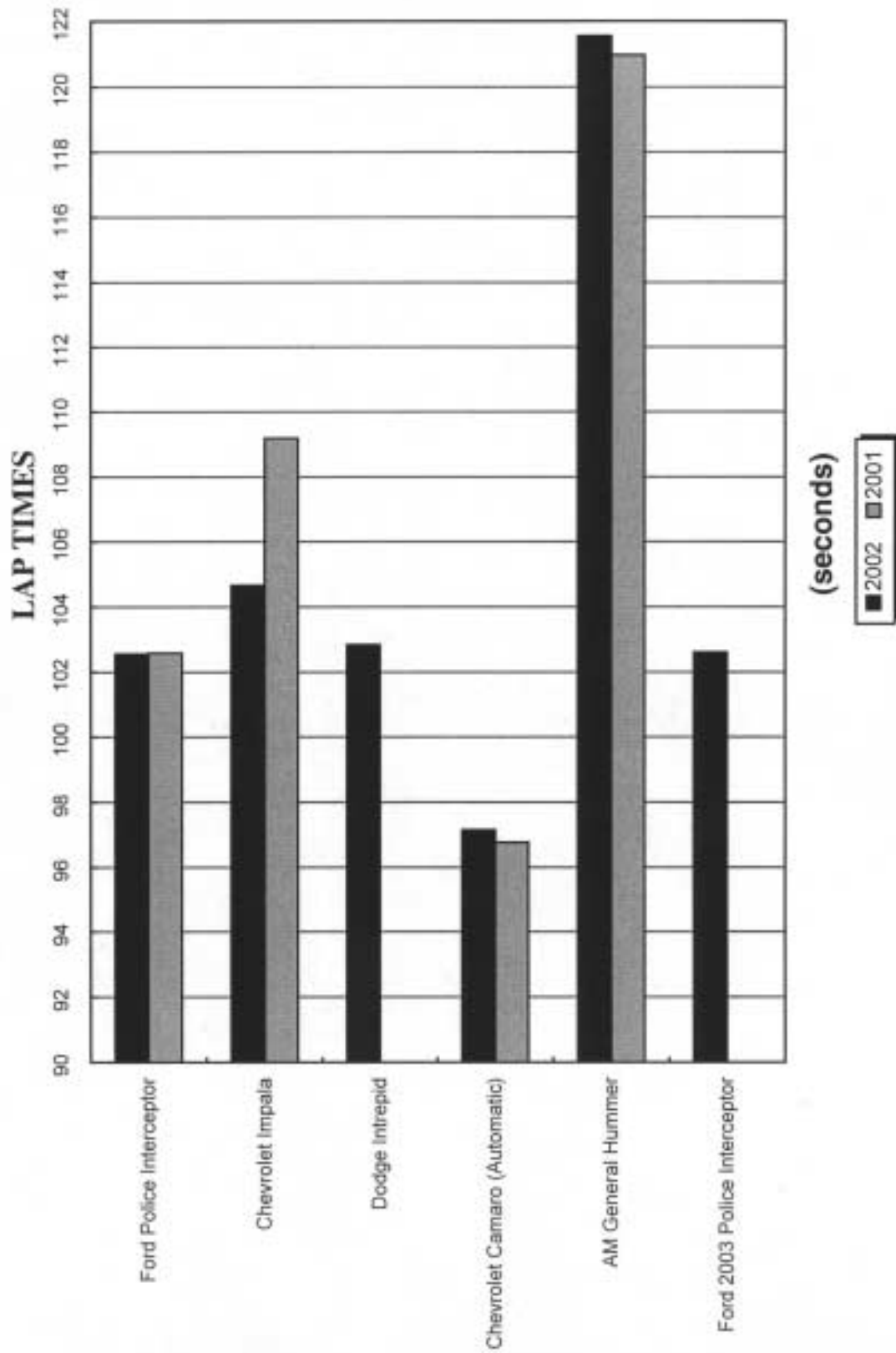
- Vehicle Dynamics
- Acceleration 0 – 60 mph
- Acceleration 0 – 80 mph
- Acceleration 0 – 100 mph
- Top Speed
- Braking (Calculated 60 – 0 mph Stopping Distance)

The reader should bear in mind the following information regarding variables when reviewing the 2001 – 2002 performance comparison charts in Appendix I. While as many variables as possible are eliminated from a given year's testing, those that occur over the span of a full year are sometimes impossible to eliminate.

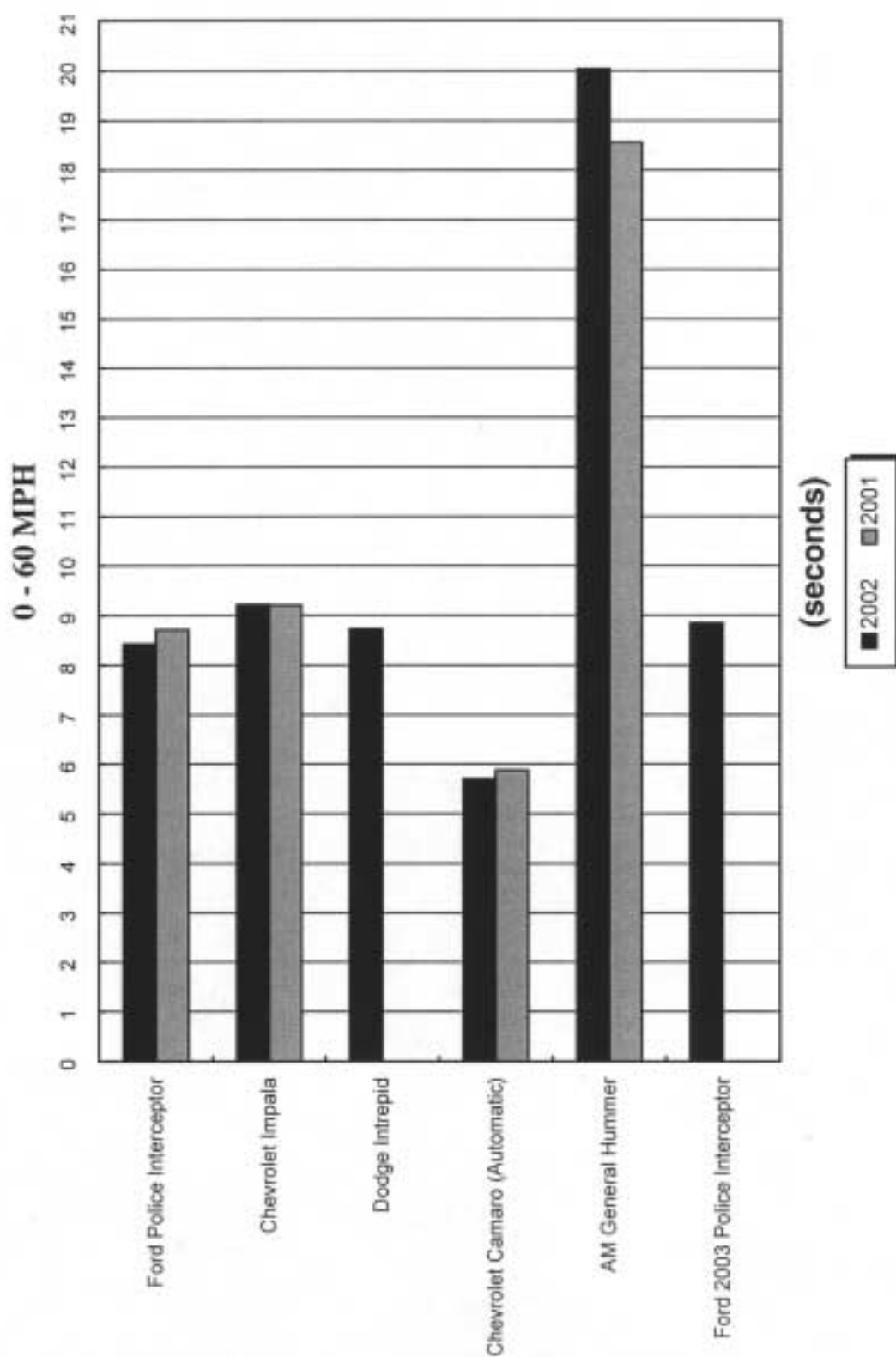
The acceleration, top speed, and brake testing of both the 2001 and 2002 model year vehicles were conducted in the latter half of September. Temperatures on the test day in September of 2000 ranged between 40° F at the start of testing to a high of approximately 62° F during the afternoon. Temperatures during the testing this year varied, ranging between 49° F when testing started, to an afternoon high of 66° F. Such things as temperature, humidity, and barometric pressure affect the performance of internal combustion engines and brake components, and may cause minor differences from one year's evaluation to the next.

Another factor to be considered is the individual differences between two cars of the same make and model. The test cars that we evaluate are representative of their given make and model. Other cars of the same make and model will not, however, be exactly the same, particularly when it comes to performance. (It is well known that two consecutive cars off the same assembly line will perform slightly differently from each other.) Minor differences in performance from year to year within the same make and model are not only possible, but are to be expected.

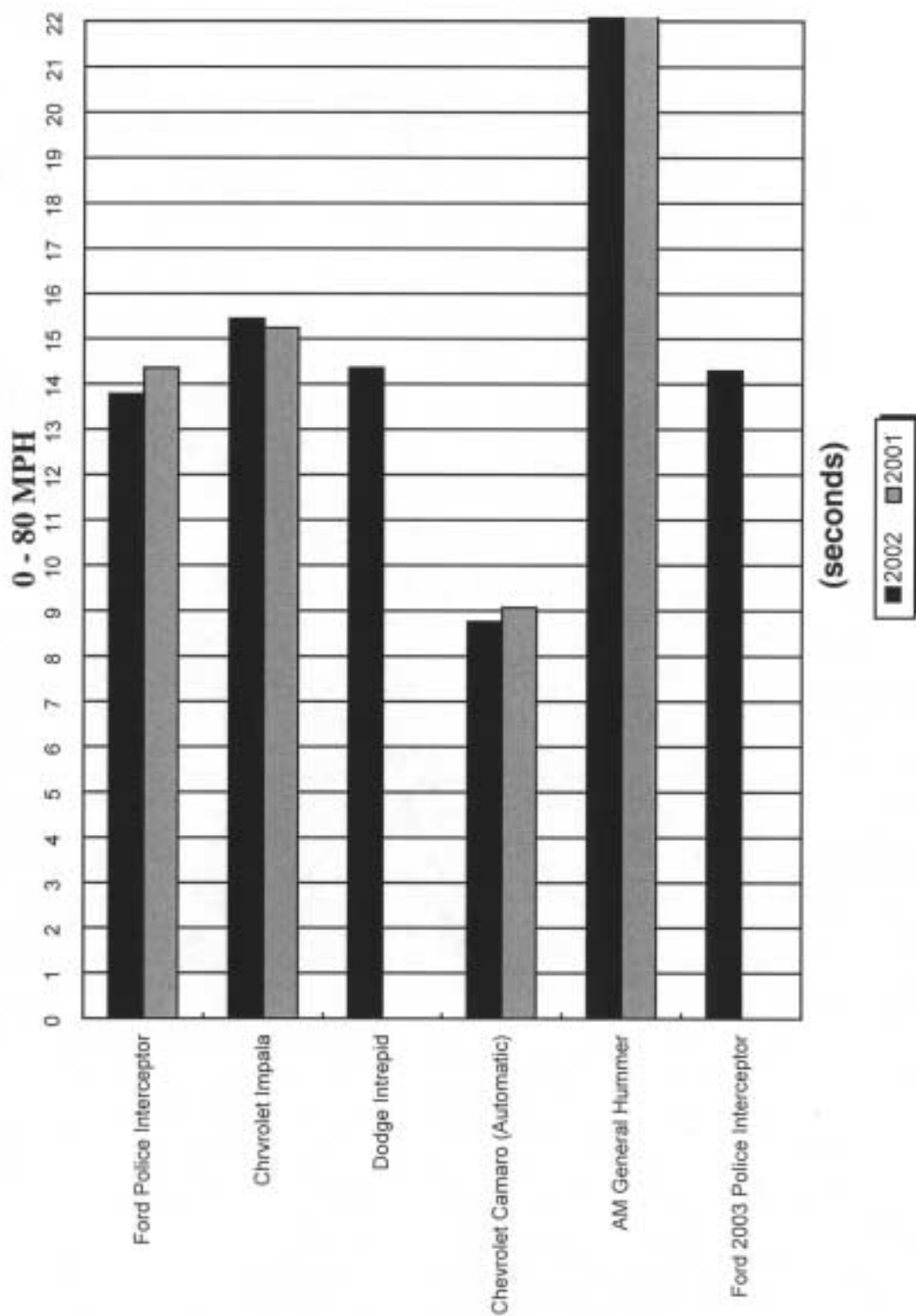
2001-02 VEHICLE DYNAMICS COMPARISON



2001-02 ACCELERATION COMPARISON

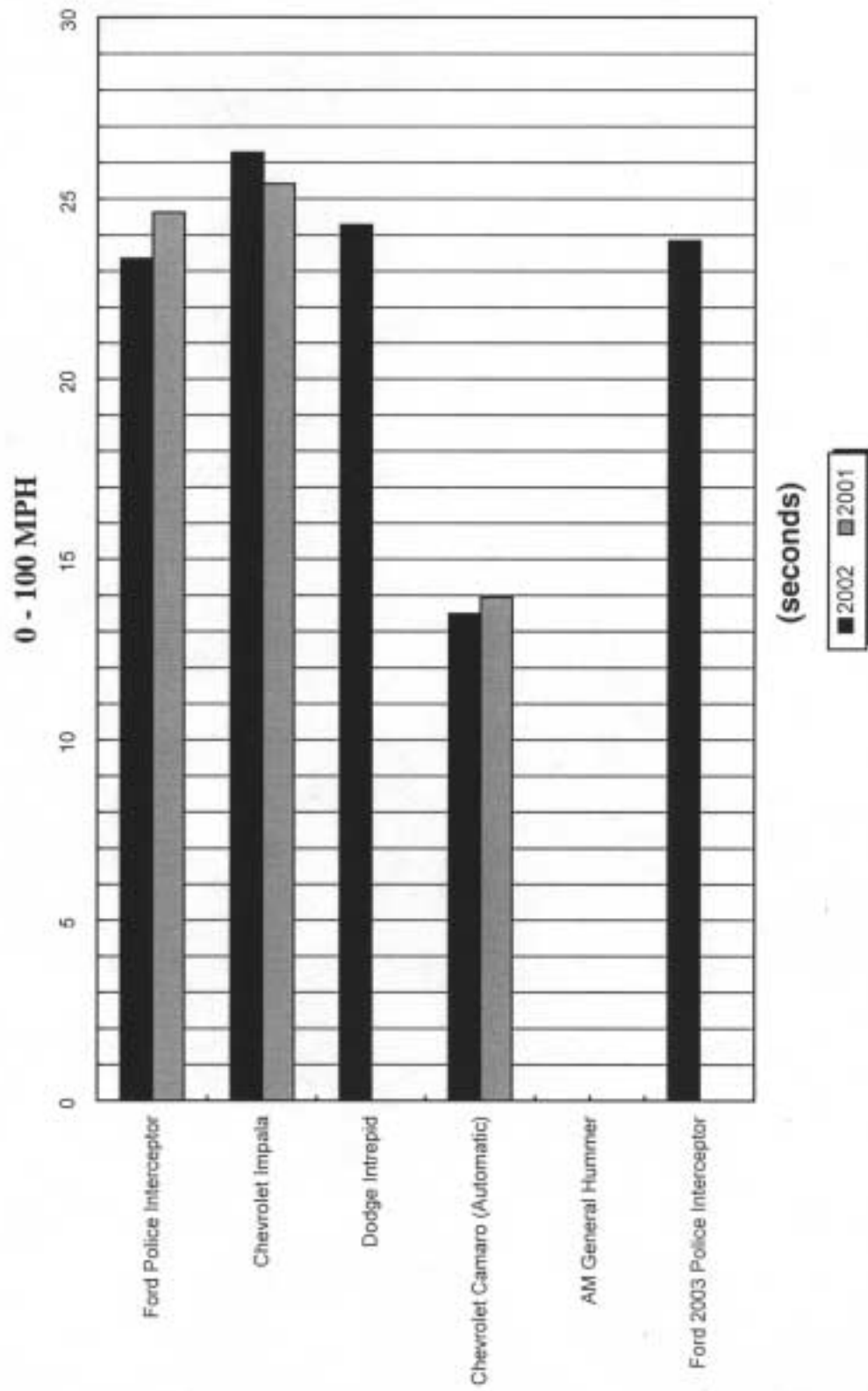


2000-01 ACCELERATION COMPARISON



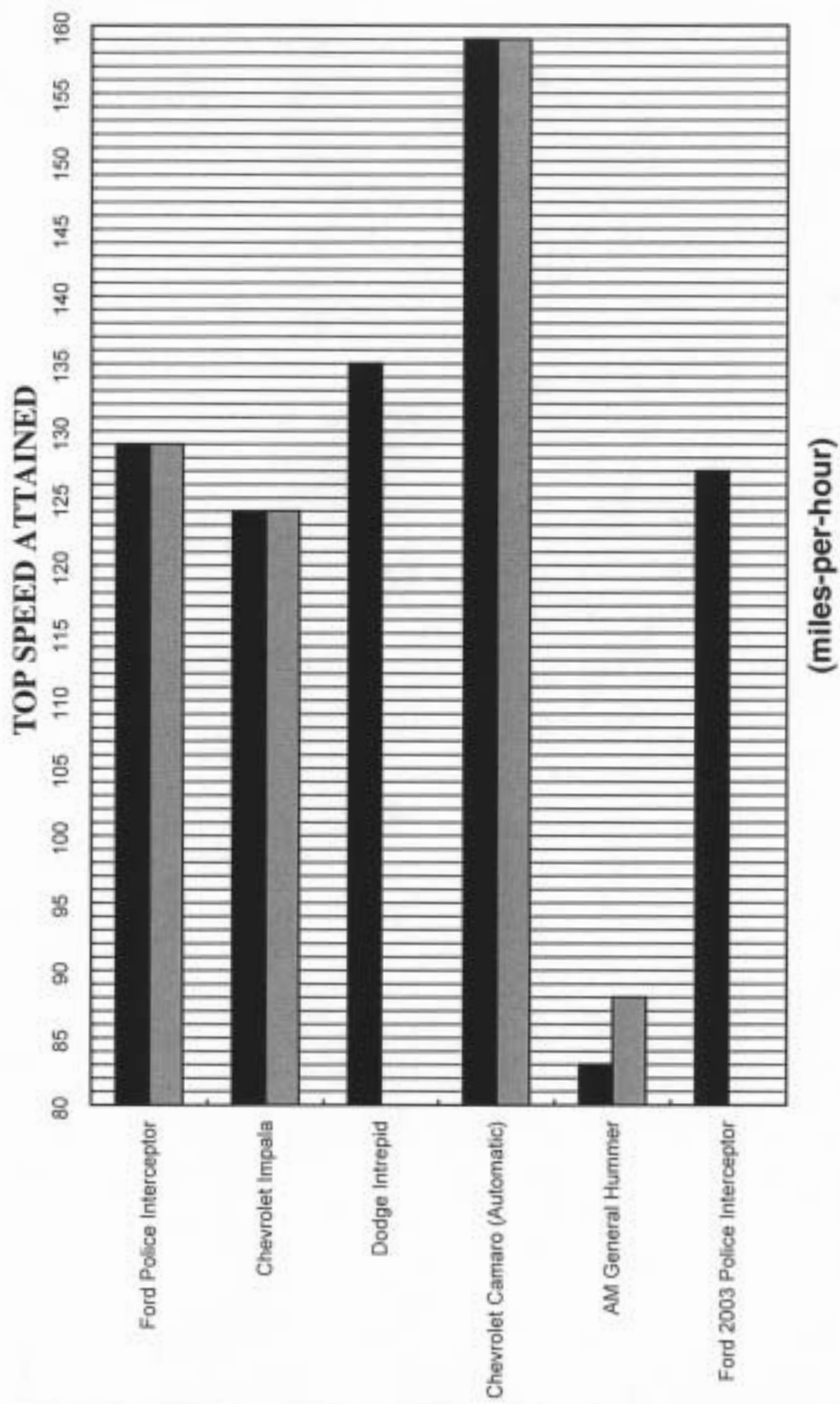
Note: The Hummer 2002 time was 56.25 seconds.
The Hummer 2001 time was 49.27 seconds.

2001-02 ACCELERATION COMPARISON

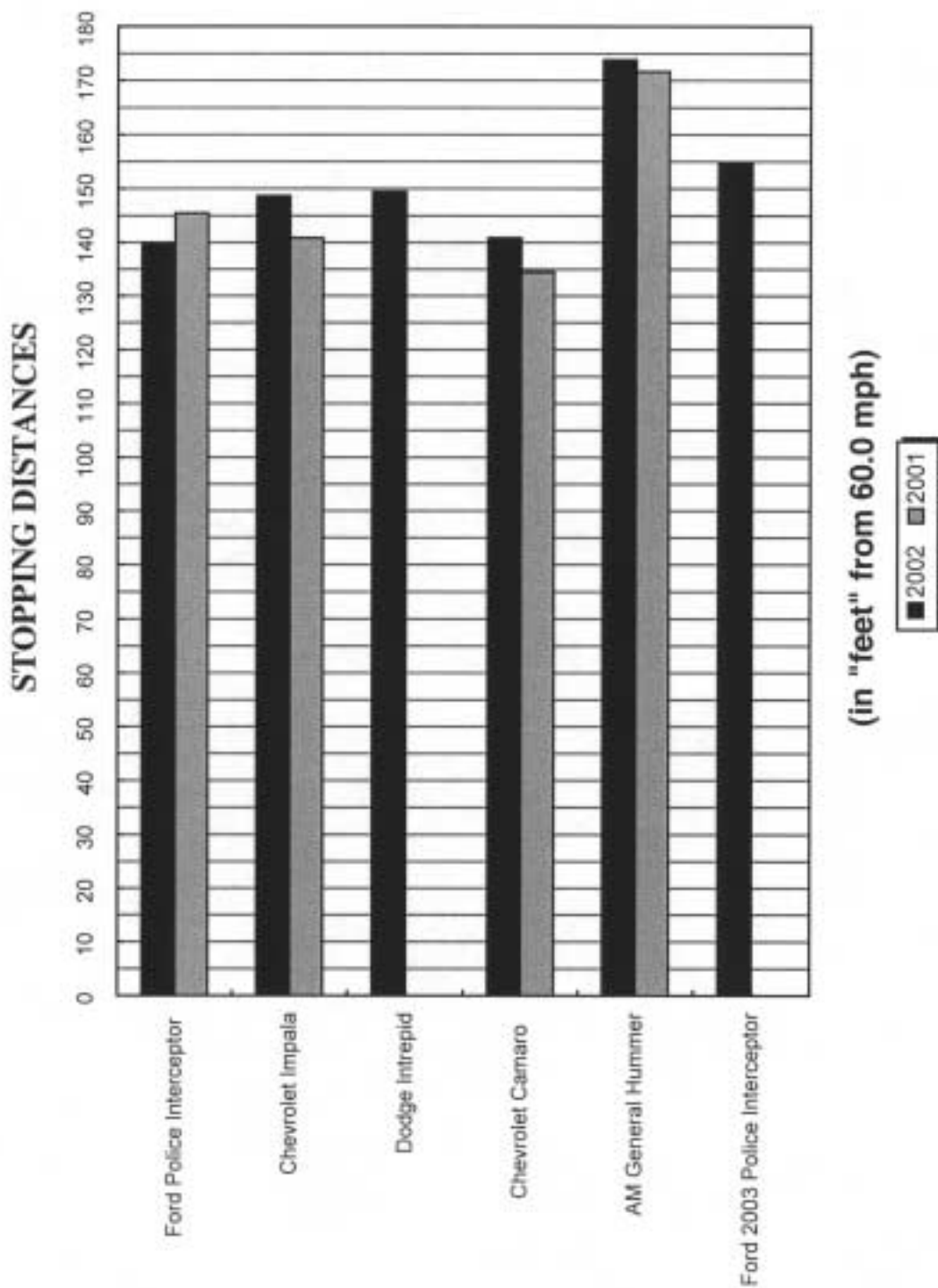


Note: The Hummer did not reach 100 mph.

2001-02 TOP SPEED COMPARISON



2001-02 BRAKE TESTING COMPARISON





**F/Lt. Howard Powers greets guests from Australia.
(Second from left)**



**Vehicles on display at DaimlerChrysler
Proving Grounds.**



Check-in at Grattan Raceway.



Staging for vehicle dynamics at Grattan Raceway.

APPENDIX II

SPECIAL SERVICE VEHICLES

The issue of what makes a police vehicle a “police package” is an issue that will be with us for some time. Many law enforcement agencies still require a police vehicle to be capable of participating in a pursuit and look to the manufacturers to put their engineering talents towards that goal. At the same time some law enforcement agencies need a vehicle that has cargo capacity and other attributes, but does not require pursuit capabilities, for this, the manufacturers offer “special service” vehicles.

The Michigan Department of State Police presents this information on “special service” vehicles with the caveat that the reader is aware that these vehicles are not engineered for high speed or pursuit driving. The vehicles were tested in all the categories except vehicle dynamics, which is high-speed handling and represents pursuit applications.

The special service vehicles were tested in the following: Acceleration, Top Speed, Braking, Fuel Economy, and Ergonomics & Communications.

SPECIAL SERVICE VEHICLES ARE NOT ENGINEERED FOR HIGH SPEED AND PURSUIT APPLICATIONS.

**CHEVROLET TAHOE
5.3L SPFI (2-WHEEL DRIVE)**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Chevrolet	MODEL Tahoe 2WD		SALES CODE NO. C15706	
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 327		LITERS	5.3**
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST	Single
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	285 @ 5200 RPM		ALTERNATOR	130 amp.
TORQUE	325 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY	600 cca.
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.5:1			
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4L60E	TYPE 4-Speed Automatic		
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes			
	OVERDRIVE? Yes			
AXLE RATIO	3.42			
STEERING	Power - recirculating ball			
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	38.3 Feet			
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P245/75 R16 109S Goodyear Wrangler ST			
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent, single lower arm with torsion bar			
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Multi-link with coil springs			
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	9.7 in.	LOCATION Front cross member		
BRAKE SYSTEM	Vacuum Power Anti-lock			
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Disc	SWEPT AREA 213 sq. in.		
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Disc	SWEPT AREA 133 sq. in.		
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 26.0	LITERS	98.4	
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 116.0 in.	LENGTH	198.9 in.	
	TEST WEIGHT 5080 lbs.	HEIGHT	76.3 in.	
HEADROOM	FRONT 40.7 in.	REAR	39.4 in.	
LEGROOM	FRONT 41.3 in.	REAR	38.6 in.	
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 65.2 in.	REAR	65.1 in.	
HIPROOM	FRONT 61.4 in.	REAR	61.3 in.	
INTERIOR VOLUME *MAX. CARGO IS W/REAR SEATS FOLDED DOWN	FRONT 94.3 cu. ft.	REAR	57.3 cu. ft.	
	COMB 151.6 cu. ft.	*MAX. CARGO	108.2 cu. ft.	
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 15	HIGHWAY 20	COMBINED 16.5	

**Vehicle tested with "optional" engine – standard engine is 4.8L, same as 2001 model for performance rating.

**CHEVROLET TAHOE
5.3L SPFI (4-WHEEL DRIVE)**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Chevrolet	MODEL Tahoe 4WD		SALES CODE NO. K15706	
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 327		LITERS	5.3**
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST	Single
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	285 @ 5200 RPM		ALTERNATOR	130 amp.
TORQUE	325 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY	600 cca.
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.5:1			
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4L60E	TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic		
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes			
	OVERDRIVE? Yes			
AXLE RATIO	3.73			
STEERING	Speed sensitive, power, recirculating ball			
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	38.3 Feet			
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P245/75 R16 109S Goodyear Wrangler ST			
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent, single lower arm with torsion bar			
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Multi-link with coil springs			
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	10.7 in.	LOCATION Front differential		
BRAKE SYSTEM	Vacuum Power Anti-lock			
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE	Disc	SWEPT AREA	213 sq. in.
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE	Disc	SWEPT AREA	133 sq. in.
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS	26.0	LITERS	98.4
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE	116.0 in.	LENGTH	198.9 in.
	TEST WEIGHT	5303 lbs.	HEIGHT	76.3 in.
HEADROOM	FRONT	40.7 in.	REAR	39.4 in.
LEGROOM	FRONT	41.3 in.	REAR	38.6 in.
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT	65.2 in.	REAR	65.1 in.
HIPROOM	FRONT	61.4 in.	REAR	61.3 in.
INTERIOR VOLUME *MAX. CARGO IS W/REAR SEATS FOLDED DOWN	FRONT	94.3 cu. ft.	REAR	57.3 cu. ft.
	COMB	151.6 cu. ft.	*MAX. CARGO	108.2 cu. ft.
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 14	HIGHWAY 18		COMBINED 15

**Vehicle tested with "optional" engine – standard engine is 4.8L, same as 2001 model for performance rating.

**FORD EXPLORER
4.6L SPFI (4-WHEEL DRIVE)**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Ford	MODEL Explorer 4WD		SALES CODE NO. U72		
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 281		LITERS 4.6 V8		
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Fuel Injection		EXHAUST Single		
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	239 @ 4750 RPM		ALTERNATOR 130 amp.		
TORQUE	282 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY 650 cca.		
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.2:1				
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 5R55W5		TYPE 5-Speed Automatic Overdrive		
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes				
	OVERDRIVE? Yes				
AXLE RATIO	3.55				
STEERING	Power - Rack & Pinion				
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	36.75 Feet				
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P245/70 R16 106S Goodyear Wrangler AP M/S				
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Coil spring (SLA)				
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Independent (IRS)				
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	9.2 in.		LOCATION Transmission Cross Member		
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power w/4-wheel disc, ABS				
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 220.56 sq. in.		
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 178.67 sq. in.		
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 22.5		LITERS 85.0		
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 114.0 in.		LENGTH 189.5 in.		
	TEST WEIGHT 4496 lbs.		HEIGHT 69.2 in.		
HEADROOM	FRONT 39.9 in.		REAR 38.9 in.		
LEGROOM	FRONT 42.4 in.		REAR 37.2 in.		
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 59.1 in.		REAR 58.9 in.		
HIPROOM	FRONT 55.0 in.		REAR 54.2 in.		
INTERIOR VOLUME *MAX. CARGO IS W/REAR SEATS FOLDED DOWN	FRONT 81.8 cu. ft.		REAR 44.5 cu. ft.		
	COMB 126.3 cu. ft.		*MAX. CARGO 88.0 cu. ft.		
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 14		HIGHWAY 19		COMBINED 16

**FORD EXPEDITION
5.4L SMFI (4-WHEEL DRIVE)**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Ford	MODEL Expedition 4WD		SALES CODE NO. U16			
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 330		LITERS 5.4			
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection		EXHAUST Single			
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	260 @ 4500 RPM		ALTERNATOR 130 amp.			
TORQUE	350 ft. lbs. @ 2500 RPM		BATTERY 650 cca.			
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.0:1					
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4R70W		TYPE 4-Speed Auto O/D			
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes					
	OVERDRIVE? Yes					
AXLE RATIO	3.55					
STEERING	Power					
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	40.5 Feet					
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P255/70 R16 109S Goodyear Wrangler RT/S					
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Coil Spring					
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Coil Spring					
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	7.5 in.		LOCATION Rear axle			
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power Disc w/4-wheel anti-lock					
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 222.0 sq. in.			
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 201.0 sq. in.			
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 30.0		LITERS 113.0			
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 119.1 in.		LENGTH 204.6 in.			
	TEST WEIGHT 5353 lbs.		HEIGHT 74.3 in.			
HEADROOM	FRONT 39.7 in.		REAR 39.8 in.			
LEGROOM	FRONT 41.2 in.		REAR 38.6 in.			
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 63.9 in.		REAR 64.4 in.			
HIPROOM	FRONT 63.0 in.		REAR 62.4 in.			
INTERIOR VOLUME *MAX. CARGO IS W/REAR SEATS FOLDED DOWN	FRONT 93.2 cu. ft.		REAR 55.8 cu. ft.			
	COMB 149.0 cu. ft.		*MAX. CARGO 106.1 cu. ft.			
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 12		HIGHWAY 16		COMBINED 14	

**FORD EXCURSION
6.8L MPFI (4-WHEEL DRIVE)**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Ford	MODEL Excursion 4WD		SALES CODE NO. U40		
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 415		LITERS 6.8 V10		
FUEL SYSTEM	Multiport Fuel Injection		EXHAUST Single		
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	310 @ 4250 RPM		ALTERNATOR 130 amp.		
TORQUE	425 ft. lbs. @ 3250 RPM		BATTERY 750 cca.		
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.0:1				
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4R100		TYPE 4-Speed Automatic Overdrive		
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes				
	OVERDRIVE? Yes				
AXLE RATIO	3.73				
STEERING	Power Steering				
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	47.1 Feet				
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	LT 265/75 R16 Firestone Steeltex R4S M/S				
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Twin I-beam				
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Leaf spring solid axle				
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	8.11 in.		LOCATION Differential		
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power w/4-wheel disc, ABS				
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 264.48 sq. in.		
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 244.81 sq. in.		
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 44.0		LITERS 167.0		
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 137.1 in.		LENGTH 226.7 in.		
	TEST WEIGHT 6646 lbs.		HEIGHT 77.2 in.		
HEADROOM	FRONT 41.0 in.		REAR 41.1 in.		
LEGROOM	FRONT 42.3 in.		REAR 40.5 in.		
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 68.3 in.		REAR 67.0 in.		
HIPROOM	FRONT 67.5 in.		REAR 66.9 in.		
INTERIOR VOLUME *MAX. CARGO IS W/REAR SEATS FOLDED DOWN	FRONT 101.2 cu. ft.		REAR 63.8 cu. ft.		
	COMB 165.0 cu. ft.		*MAX. CARGO 108.3 cu. ft.		
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY N/A		HIGHWAY N/A		COMBINED N/A

N/A: Not required.

**FORD LONG WHEELBASE CROWN VICTORIA
4.6L SPFI**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Ford Long Wheelbase	MODEL Crown Victoria		SALES CODE NO. P70			
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 281		LITERS 4.6			
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Port Fuel Injection		EXHAUST Single			
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	220 @ 4750 RPM		ALTERNATOR 135 amp.			
TORQUE	265 ft. lbs. @ 4000 RPM		BATTERY 750 cca.			
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.4:1					
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 4R70W		TYPE 4-Speed electronic automatic			
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes					
	OVERDRIVE? Yes					
AXLE RATIO	2.73:1					
STEERING	Recirculating ball & nut w/int,. pwr (constant power)					
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	42.1 Feet					
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P225/60 R16 97V Goodyear Eagle RS-A M/S					
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent SLA w/ball joint & coil springs					
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	4 bar link with Watts linkage					
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	6.0 in.		LOCATION Transmission			
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, dual front piston single rear piston, 4 circuit & ABS					
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Vented Disc		SWEPT AREA 314.1 sq. in.			
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Solid Disc		SWEPT AREA 174.8 sq. in.			
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 19.0		LITERS 71.9			
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 120.7		LENGTH 218.0			
	TEST WEIGHT 4048 lbs.		HEIGHT 58.5 in.			
HEADROOM	FRONT 39.4 in.		REAR 38.0 in.			
LEGROOM	FRONT 42.5 in.		REAR 45.6 in.			
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 60.8 in.		REAR 60.3 in.			
HIPROOM	FRONT 57.1 in.		REAR 59.0 in.			
INTERIOR VOLUME	FRONT 58.2 cu. ft.		REAR 60.1 cu. ft.			
	COMB 118.3 cu. ft.		TRUNK 20.6 cu. ft.			
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 17		HIGHWAY 25		COMBINED 20	

**DODGE DURANGO
4.7L SMPI (2-WHEEL DRIVE)**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Dodge	MODEL Durango 2WD		SALES CODE NO. DN1M74	
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 287		LITERS	4.7
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Multiport Injection		EXHAUST	Single
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	235 @ 4800 RPM		ALTERNATOR	136 amp.
TORQUE	295 ft. lbs. @ 3200 RPM		BATTERY	750 cca.
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.1:1			
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 45RFE	TYPE Automatic		
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes			
	OVERDRIVE? Yes			
AXLE RATIO	3.92 w/Anti-spin			
STEERING	Rack & Pinion w/variable assist			
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	38.26 Feet			
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P235/70 R16 104S Michelin LTX A/S M/S			
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent front suspension, coil			
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Leaf			
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	8.5 in.	LOCATION Rear Axle		
BRAKE SYSTEM	4-wheel disc ABS			
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Disc	SWEPT AREA 209.6 sq. in.		
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Disc	SWEPT AREA 204.0 sq. in.		
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 25.0	LITERS 94.7		
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 116 in.	LENGTH 193.5 in.		
	TEST WEIGHT 4567 lbs.	HEIGHT 70.5 in.		
HEADROOM	FRONT 39.8 in.	REAR 40.3 in.		
LEGROOM	FRONT 41.9 in.	REAR 35.4 in.		
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 57.6 in.	REAR 57.9 in.		
HIPROOM	FRONT 56.9 in.	REAR 55.5 in.		
INTERIOR VOLUME *MAX. CARGO IS W/REAR SEATS FOLDED DOWN	FRONT 55.2 cu. ft.	REAR 18.8 cu. ft.		
	COMB 155.8 cu. ft.	*MAX. CARGO 88.0 cu. ft.		
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 14	HIGHWAY 19		COMBINED 16

**DODGE DURANGO
4.7L SMPI (4-WHEEL DRIVE)**



(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION

MAKE Dodge	MODEL Durango 4WD		SALES CODE NO. DN5H74	
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT	CUBIC INCHES 287		LITERS	4.7
FUEL SYSTEM	Sequential Multiport Injection		EXHAUST	Single
HORSEPOWER (SAENET)	235 @ 4800 RPM		ALTERNATOR	136 amp.
TORQUE	295 ft. lbs. @ 3200 RPM		BATTERY	750 cca.
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.1:1			
TRANSMISSION	MODEL 45RFE		TYPE Automatic	
	LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER? Yes			
	OVERDRIVE? Yes			
AXLE RATIO	3.92 w/Anti-spin			
STEERING	Rack & Pinion w/variable assist			
TURNING CIRCLE (CURB TO CURB)	38.26 Feet			
TIRE SIZE, LOAD & SPEED RATING	P245/70 R16 106S Goodyear Wrangler M/S			
SUSPENSION TYPE (FRONT)	Independent front suspension, Torsion bar			
SUSPENSION TYPE (REAR)	Leaf			
GROUND CLEARANCE, MINIMUM	8.5 in.	LOCATION Rear Axle		
BRAKE SYSTEM	4-wheel anti-lock disc			
BRAKES, FRONT	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 209.6 sq. in.	
BRAKES, REAR	TYPE Disc		SWEPT AREA 204.0 sq. in.	
FUEL CAPACITY	GALLONS 25.0		LITERS	94.7
GENERAL MEASUREMENTS	WHEELBASE 116 in.		LENGTH 193.5 in.	
	TEST WEIGHT 4770 lbs.		HEIGHT 72.0 in.	
HEADROOM	FRONT 39.8 in.		REAR 40.3 in.	
LEGROOM	FRONT 41.9 in.		REAR 35.4 in.	
SHOULDER ROOM	FRONT 57.6 in.		REAR 57.9 in.	
HIPROOM	FRONT 56.9 in.		REAR 55.5 in.	
INTERIOR VOLUME *MAX. CARGO IS W/REAR SEATS FOLDED DOWN	FRONT 55.2 cu. ft.		REAR 18.8 cu. ft.	
	COMB 155.8 cu. ft.		*MAX. CARGO 88.0 cu. ft.	
EPA MILEAGE EST. (MPG)	CITY 13		HIGHWAY 17	
			COMBINED 15	

(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION SUMMARY

	Chevrolet 2WD Tahoe	Chevrolet 4WD Tahoe	Ford 4WD Explorer	Ford 4WD Expedition
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – CU. IN.	327	327	281	330
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – LITERS	5.3*	5.3*	4.6	5.4
ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM	SPFI	SPFI	SFI	SMFI
HORSEPOWER (SAE NET)	285	285	239	260
TORQUE (FT. LBS.)	325	325	282	350
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.5:1	9.5:1	9.2:1	9.0:1
AXLE RATIO	3.42	3.73	3.55	3.55
TURNING CIRCLE – FT. CURB TO CURB	38.3	38.3	36.75	40.5
TRANSMISSION	4 Speed auto	4 Speed auto	4 Speed auto	4 Speed auto
TRANSMISSION MODEL NUMBER	4L60E	4L60E	5R55W5	4R70W
LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
TRANSMISSION OVERDRIVE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
TIRE SIZE	P245/75R	P245/75R	P245/70R	P255/70R
WHEEL RIM SIZE – INCHES	16	16	16	16
GROUND CLEARANCE – INCHES	9.7	10.7	9.2	7.5
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, ABS	Power, ABS	Power, ABS	Power, ABS
BRAKES – FRONT TYPE	Disc	Disc	Disc	Disc
BRAKES – REAR TYPE	Disc	Disc	Disc	Disc
FUEL CAPACITY – GALLONS	26.0	26.0	22.5	30.0
FUEL CAPACITY – LITERS	98.4	98.4	85.0	113.0
OVERALL LENGTH – INCHES	198.9	198.9	189.5	204.6
OVERALL HEIGHT – INCHES	76.3	76.3	69.2	74.3
TEST WEIGHT – LBS.	5080	5303	4496	5353
WHEELBASE – INCHES	116.0	116.0	114.0	119.1
HEADROOM FRONT – INCHES	40.7	40.7	39.9	39.7
HEADROOM REAR – INCHES	39.4	39.4	38.9	39.8
LEGROOM FRONT – INCHES	41.3	41.3	42.4	41.2
LEGROOM REAR – INCHES	38.6	38.6	37.2	38.6
SHOULDER ROOM FRONT – INCHES	65.2	65.2	59.1	63.9
SHOULDER ROOM REAR – INCHES	65.1	65.1	58.9	64.4
HIPROOM FRONT – INCHES	61.4	61.4	55.0	63.0
HIPROOM REAR – INCHES	61.3	61.3	54.2	62.4
INTERIOR VOLUME FRONT – CU. FT.	94.3	94.3	81.8	93.2
INTERIOR VOLUME REAR – CU. FT.	57.3	57.3	44.5	55.8
INTERIOR VOLUME COMB. – CU. FT.	151.6	151.6	126.3	149.0
REAR MAXIMUM CARGO – CU. FT.	108.2	108.2	88.0	106.1
EPA MILEAGE – CITY – MPG	15	14	14	12
EPA MILEAGE – HIGHWAY – MPG	20	18	19	16
EPA MILEAGE – COMBINED – MPG	16.5	15	16	14

*Vehicle tested with “optional” engine – standard engine is 4.8L, same as 2001 model for performance rating.

(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

TEST VEHICLE DESCRIPTION SUMMARY

	Ford 4WD Excursion	Ford LWB Crown Victoria	Dodge 2WD Durango	Dodge 4WD Durango
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – CU. IN.	415	281	287	287
ENGINE DISPLACEMENT – LITERS	6.8	4.6	4.7	4.7
ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM	MFI	SPFI	SMPI	SMPI
HORSEPOWER (SAE NET)	310	220	235	235
TORQUE (FT. LBS.)	425	265	295	295
COMPRESSION RATIO	9.0:1	9.4:1	9.1:1	9.1:1
AXLE RATIO	3.73	2.73:1	3.92	3.92
TURNING CIRCLE – FT. CURB TO CURB	47.1	42.1	38.26	38.26
TRANSMISSION	4 Speed auto	4 Speed auto	Automatic	Automatic
TRANSMISSION MODEL NUMBER	4R100	4R70W	45RFE	45RFE
LOCKUP TORQUE CONVERTER	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
TRANSMISSION OVERDRIVE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
TIRE SIZE	LT 265/75R	P225/60R	P235/70R	P245/70R
WHEEL RIM SIZE – INCHES	16	16	16	16
GROUND CLEARANCE – INCHES	8.11	6.0	8.5	8.5
BRAKE SYSTEM	Power, ABS	Power, ABS	Disc, ABS	Disc, ABS
BRAKES – FRONT TYPE	Disc	Vented Disc	Disc	Disc
BRAKES – REAR TYPE	Disc	Solid Disc	Disc	Disc
FUEL CAPACITY – GALLONS	44.0	19.0	25.0	25.0
FUEL CAPACITY – LITERS	167.0	71.9	94.7	94.7
OVERALL LENGTH – INCHES	226.7	218.0	193.5	193.5
OVERALL HEIGHT – INCHES	77.2	58.5	70.5	72.0
TEST WEIGHT – LBS.	6646	4048	4567	4770
WHEELBASE – INCHES	137.1	120.7	116.0	116.0
HEADROOM FRONT – INCHES	41.0	39.4	39.8	39.8
HEADROOM REAR – INCHES	41.1	38.0	40.3	40.3
LEGROOM FRONT – INCHES	42.3	42.5	41.9	41.9
LEGROOM REAR – INCHES	40.5	45.6	35.4	35.4
SHOULDER ROOM FRONT – INCHES	68.3	60.8	57.6	57.6
SHOULDER ROOM REAR – INCHES	67.0	60.3	57.9	57.9
HIPROOM FRONT – INCHES	67.5	57.1	56.9	56.9
HIPROOM REAR – INCHES	66.9	59.0	55.5	55.5
INTERIOR VOLUME FRONT – CU. FT.	101.2	58.2	55.2	55.2
INTERIOR VOLUME REAR – CU. FT.	63.8	60.1	18.8	18.8
INTERIOR VOLUME COMB. – CU. FT.	165.0	118.3	155.8	155.8
REAR MAXIMUM CARGO – CU. FT.	108.3	20.6	88.0	88.0
EPA MILEAGE – CITY – MPG	N/A	17	14	13
EPA MILEAGE – HIGHWAY – MPG	N/A	25	19	17
EPA MILEAGE – COMBINED – MPG	N/A	20	16	15

N/A: Not required.

(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

SUMMARY OF ACCELERATION, TOP SPEED, AND BRAKE TESTING

	Chevrolet Tahoe 2WD 5.3L SPFI	Chevrolet Tahoe 4WD 5.3L SPFI	Ford 4WD Explorer 4.6L SFI	Ford 4WD Expedition 5.4L SMFI
ACCELERATION*				
0 – 20 mph (sec.)	1.95	1.97	2.35	2.03
0 – 30 mph (sec.)	3.18	3.16	3.82	3.66
0 – 40 mph (sec.)	4.50	4.55	5.61	5.37
0 – 50 mph (sec.)	6.36	6.53	7.93	7.57
0 – 60 mph (sec.)	8.62	8.73	11.07	10.58
0 – 70 mph (sec.)	11.07	11.53	14.47	13.88
0 – 80 mph (sec.)	14.88	15.82	18.82	18.21
0 – 90 mph (sec.)	19.86	20.54	25.28	25.94
0 – 100 mph (sec.)	N/A	N/A	34.31	36.27
TOP SPEED (mph)	98**	98**	105**	105**
DISTANCE TO REACH				
110 mph (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
120 mph (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
QUARTER MILE				
Time (sec.)	16.66	16.84	18.16	17.84
Speed (miles)	83.68	82.45	78.60	79.43
	ABS	ABS	ABS	ABS
BRAKING – PHASE I				
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	24.94	25.44	27.34	23.44
BRAKING – PHASE II				
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	24.24	23.55	27.61	23.70
BRAKING – FINAL SCORE				
Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	24.59	24.49	27.47	23.57
Projected Stopping Distance from 60 mph (feet)	157.5	158.1	140.9	164.3

*Four run average.

**Vehicle equipped with an electronic speed limiter.

(NOT DESIGNED FOR HIGH SPEED OR PURSUIT DRIVING)

SUMMARY OF ACCELERATION, TOP SPEED, AND BRAKE TESTING

	Ford 4WD Excursion 6.8L MPFI	Ford LWB Crown Vic 4.6L SPFI	Dodge 2WD Durango 4.7L SMPI	Dodge 4WD Durango 4.7L SMPI
ACCELERATION*				
0 – 20 mph (sec.)	2.09	2.04	1.83	1.90
0 – 30 mph (sec.)	3.60	3.64	3.07	3.23
0 – 40 mph (sec.)	5.24	5.26	4.73	5.01
0 – 50 mph (sec.)	7.59	7.20	6.77	7.32
0 – 60 mph (sec.)	10.31	9.90	9.23	10.08
0 – 70 mph (sec.)	13.51	13.00	12.77	14.03
0 – 80 mph (sec.)	17.94	16.49	17.08	19.08
0 – 90 mph (sec.)	23.70	21.29	22.46	25.12
0 – 100 mph (sec.)	N/A	29.60	30.19	34.93
TOP SPEED (mph)	93**	104**	114**	112**
DISTANCE TO REACH				
110 mph (miles)	N/A	N/A	1.01	2.58
120 mph (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
QUARTER MILE				
Time (sec.)	17.73	17.48	17.17	17.66
Speed (miles)	79.58	82.58	80.20	77.38
	ABS	ABS	ABS	ABS
BRAKING – PHASE I				
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	22.98	27.44	25.43	24.38
BRAKING – PHASE II				
Average Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	24.02	27.21	24.67	23.86
BRAKING – FINAL SCORE				
Deceleration Rate (ft/s ²)	23.50	27.33	25.05	24.12
Projected Stopping Distance from 60 mph (feet)	164.8	141.7	154.6	160.6

*Four run average.

**Vehicle equipped with an electronic speed limiter.

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds **DATE:** September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 13:47 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 63.0°F

MAKE and MODEL: Chevrolet Tahoe 5.3L (2WD)

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>158.9</u> feet	<u>25.11</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>154.1</u> feet	<u>25.72</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>162.1</u> feet	<u>24.45</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.0</u> mph	<u>154.7</u> feet	<u>25.03</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>59.5</u> mph	<u>156.2</u> feet	<u>24.38</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 24.94 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>59.7</u> mph	<u>152.7</u> feet	<u>25.11</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>59.5</u> mph	<u>148.7</u> feet	<u>25.61</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.0</u> mph	<u>162.5</u> feet	<u>23.83</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>168.1</u> feet	<u>23.19</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>59.9</u> mph	<u>164.6</u> feet	<u>23.45</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 24.24 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 24.59 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds **DATE:** September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 14:45 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 63.6°F

MAKE and MODEL: Chevrolet Tahoe 5.3L (4WD)

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>59.8</u> mph	<u>150.4</u> feet	<u>25.57</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>59.9</u> mph	<u>150.3</u> feet	<u>25.68</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>152.6</u> feet	<u>25.71</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.1</u> mph	<u>155.8</u> feet	<u>24.94</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>157.8</u> feet	<u>25.28</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 25.44 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>157.4</u> feet	<u>24.93</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>165.5</u> feet	<u>23.87</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>164.5</u> feet	<u>23.70</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.8</u> mph	<u>175.9</u> feet	<u>22.60</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.8</u> mph	<u>175.7</u> feet	<u>22.63</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 23.55 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 24.49 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds DATE: September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 14:20 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 63.9°F

MAKE and MODEL: Ford Explorer 4.6L (4WD)

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.7</u> mph	<u>148.5</u> feet	<u>27.57</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>59.2</u> mph	<u>138.1</u> feet	<u>27.30</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>58.9</u> mph	<u>135.1</u> feet	<u>27.62</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>59.2</u> mph	<u>139.0</u> feet	<u>27.12</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>145.9</u> feet	<u>27.07</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 27.34 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.2</u> mph	<u>144.1</u> feet	<u>27.96</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>59.6</u> mph	<u>137.2</u> feet	<u>27.85</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>144.3</u> feet	<u>27.37</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.1</u> mph	<u>141.2</u> feet	<u>27.51</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>142.5</u> feet	<u>27.35</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 27.61 ft/s²

Phase III

Yes/No

Evidence of severe fading?

No

Vehicle stopped in straight line?

Yes

Vehicle stopped within correct lane?

Yes

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 27.47 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds **DATE:** September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 15:15 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 64.7°F

MAKE and MODEL: Ford Expedition 5.4L (4WD)

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.7</u> mph	<u>169.2</u> feet	<u>23.42</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>171.6</u> feet	<u>23.32</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>61.2</u> mph	<u>171.6</u> feet	<u>23.48</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>166.4</u> feet	<u>23.58</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>59.5</u> mph	<u>162.8</u> feet	<u>23.39</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 23.44 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>164.0</u> feet	<u>23.85</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>164.8</u> feet	<u>23.89</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>166.1</u> feet	<u>23.55</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>61.2</u> mph	<u>168.8</u> feet	<u>23.87</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>59.9</u> mph	<u>165.4</u> feet	<u>23.33</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 23.70 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 23.57 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds **DATE:** September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 15:49 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 65.9°F

MAKE and MODEL: Ford Excursion 6.8L (4WD)

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.3</u> mph	<u>168.9</u> feet	<u>23.93</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>61.3</u> mph	<u>183.0</u> feet	<u>22.09</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>59.3</u> mph	<u>167.0</u> feet	<u>22.65</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>171.3</u> feet	<u>23.36</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>172.3</u> feet	<u>22.85</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 22.98 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>168.7</u> feet	<u>23.65</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.0</u> mph	<u>162.2</u> feet	<u>23.87</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>59.2</u> mph	<u>158.6</u> feet	<u>23.77</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.1</u> mph	<u>159.8</u> feet	<u>24.31</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>61.2</u> mph	<u>164.6</u> feet	<u>24.48</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 24.02 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 23.50 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds **DATE:** September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 16:19 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 65.6°F

MAKE and MODEL: Ford LWB Crown Victoria 4.6L

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-Lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u> </u> mph	<u> </u> feet	<u> </u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>143.1</u> feet	<u>27.51</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>59.8</u> mph	<u>138.7</u> feet	<u>27.73</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>143.2</u> feet	<u>27.22</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>145.4</u> feet	<u>27.53</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>143.8</u> feet	<u>27.20</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 27.44 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.0</u> mph	<u>141.6</u> feet	<u>27.35</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>143.7</u> feet	<u>27.13</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>144.5</u> feet	<u>27.16</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>145.8</u> feet	<u>27.00</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u> </u> mph	<u> </u> feet	<u> </u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>61.0</u> mph	<u>145.9</u> feet	<u>27.43</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 27.21 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>No</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 27.33 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds **DATE:** September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 16:44 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 64.2°F

MAKE and MODEL: Dodge Durango 4.7L (2WD)

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	---- mph	----- feet	----- ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.0</u> mph	<u>154.6</u> feet	<u>25.05</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>147.1</u> feet	<u>26.68</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>159.7</u> feet	<u>24.73</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.4</u> mph	<u>153.8</u> feet	<u>25.51</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>61.1</u> mph	<u>159.5</u> feet	<u>25.18</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 25.43 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>60.1</u> mph	<u>153.4</u> feet	<u>25.33</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>61.2</u> mph	<u>158.3</u> feet	<u>25.45</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.8</u> mph	<u>158.4</u> feet	<u>25.10</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>61.5</u> mph	<u>168.6</u> feet	<u>24.13</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.6</u> mph	<u>169.3</u> feet	<u>23.33</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	---- mph	----- feet	----- ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 24.67 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 25.05 ft/s²

BRAKE TESTING

TEST LOCATION: DaimlerChrysler Proving Grounds **DATE:** September 15, 2001

BEGINNING TIME: 17:10 p.m.

TEMPERATURE: 64.4°F

MAKE and MODEL: Dodge Durango 4.7L (4WD)

BRAKE SYSTEM: Anti-lock

Phase I

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.6</u> mph	<u>162.3</u> feet	<u>25.15</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>166.1</u> feet	<u>23.70</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>61.3</u> mph	<u>164.3</u> feet	<u>24.60</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.5</u> mph	<u>164.5</u> feet	<u>23.93</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>60.0</u> mph	<u>158.1</u> feet	<u>24.49</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase I): 24.38 ft/s²

HEAT SOAK: (4 minutes)

Phase II

BRAKE HEAT-UP: (Two 90 – 0 mph decelerations @ 22 ft/sec.²)

TEST: (Six 60 – 0 mph impending skid (ABS) maximum deceleration rate stops)

DECELERATION RATE

Stop #1	<u>61.7</u> mph	<u>166.8</u> feet	<u>24.55</u> ft/s ²
Stop #2	<u>60.9</u> mph	<u>167.5</u> feet	<u>23.82</u> ft/s ²
Stop #3	<u>60.3</u> mph	<u>163.6</u> feet	<u>23.91</u> ft/s ²
Stop #4	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>165.5</u> feet	<u>23.55</u> ft/s ²
Stop #5	<u>60.2</u> mph	<u>166.0</u> feet	<u>23.48</u> ft/s ²
Stop #6	<u>-----</u> mph	<u>-----</u> feet	<u>-----</u> ft/s ²

AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE (Phase II): 23.86 ft/s²

Phase III

	<u>Yes/No</u>
Evidence of severe fading?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped in straight line?	<u>Yes</u>
Vehicle stopped within correct lane?	<u>Yes</u>

OVERALL AVERAGE DECELERATION RATE: 24.12 ft/s²

ERGONOMICS AND COMMUNICATIONS

ERGONOMICS	Chevrolet Tahoe 2WD	Chevrolet Tahoe 4WD	Ford 4WD Explorer	Ford 4WD Expedition
FRONT SEAT				
Padding	8.40	8.40	7.70	7.80
Depth of Bucket Seat	8.40	8.40	7.50	7.50
Adjustability – Front to Rear	8.60	8.60	7.90	8.50
Upholstery	8.30	8.30	8.90	7.80
Bucket Seat Design	8.40	8.40	8.20	7.40
Headroom	9.00	9.00	8.20	9.70
Seatbelts	6.80	6.80	7.80	8.60
Ease of Entry and Exit	7.20	7.20	8.00	7.50
Overall Comfort Rating	8.20	8.20	8.11	8.00
REAR SEAT				
Leg room – Front seat back	8.20	8.20	6.40	8.60
Ease of Entry and Exit	7.40	7.40	6.80	7.50
INSTRUMENTATION				
Clarity	8.60	8.60	7.70	8.40
Placement	8.80	8.80	8.10	8.30
VEHICLE CONTROLS				
Pedals, Size and Position	8.50	8.50	7.90	8.20
Power Window Switch	8.90	8.90	8.30	8.70
Inside Door Lock Switch	8.20	8.20	5.80	7.90
Automatic Door Lock Switch	8.70	8.70	8.50	8.80
Outside Mirror Controls	8.60	8.60	6.30	8.20
Steering Wheel, Size, Tilt Release, and Surface	8.40	8.40	7.30	8.30
Heat/AC Vent Placement and Adjustability	8.60	8.60	7.30	8.40
VISIBILITY				
Front (Windshield)	8.40	8.40	7.80	9.10
Rear (Back Window)	6.80	6.80	7.00	7.60
Left Rear Quarter	7.30	7.30	7.00	8.00
Right Rear Quarter	7.10	7.10	7.40	8.00
Outside Rear View Mirrors	8.80	8.80	7.10	7.60
COMMUNICATIONS				
Dashboard Accessibility	8.07	8.07	7.13	7.73
Trunk Accessibility	8.89	8.89	7.44	8.67
Engine Compartment	8.00	7.67	7.17	7.83
TOTAL SCORES	229.56	229.23	210.75	228.63

ERGONOMICS AND COMMUNICATIONS

ERGONOMICS	Ford 4WD Excursion	Ford LWB Crown Vic	Dodge 2WD Durango	Dodge 4WD Durango
FRONT SEAT				
Padding	8.30	7.00	7.30	7.11
Depth of Bucket Seat	8.00	7.00	7.20	7.11
Adjustability – Front to Rear	8.50	8.10	7.90	7.78
Upholstery	7.60	7.50	7.40	7.78
Bucket Seat Design	7.90	7.00	7.40	7.56
Headroom	9.70	8.00	8.60	8.33
Seatbelts	8.40	7.70	7.80	7.56
Ease of Entry and Exit	8.20	8.50	8.00	7.89
Overall Comfort Rating	8.40	7.80	7.90	7.67
REAR SEAT				
Leg room – Front seat back	9.00	8.50	4.80	5.22
Ease of Entry and Exit	7.90	8.10	5.20	6.11
INSTRUMENTATION				
Clarity	8.50	8.60	7.90	7.67
Placement	8.60	8.40	7.90	7.56
VEHICLE CONTROLS				
Pedals, Size and Position	8.20	8.20	7.40	7.33
Power Window Switch	8.70	8.50	8.30	8.11
Inside Door Lock Switch	8.50	8.40	7.60	7.56
Automatic Door Lock Switch	8.80	8.60	7.20	7.22
Outside Mirror Controls	8.50	8.00	7.60	7.78
Steering Wheel, Size, Tilt Release, and Surface	8.50	8.60	7.10	7.11
Heat/AC Vent Placement and Adjustability	8.20	8.20	7.50	7.13
VISIBILITY				
Front (Windshield)	9.00	8.60	8.00	7.89
Rear (Back Window)	7.90	7.60	6.80	6.67
Left Rear Quarter	8.30	7.80	6.80	6.78
Right Rear Quarter	8.40	7.60	6.90	6.89
Outside Rear View Mirrors	8.90	7.00	7.90	7.78
COMMUNICATIONS				
Dashboard Accessibility	8.07	8.00	7.53	7.40
Trunk Accessibility	8.67	8.22	7.22	6.89
Engine Compartment	7.50	7.83	7.33	7.33
TOTAL SCORES	235.14	223.35	206.48	205.19